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## ARMED MEN GET "LOAN" OF RINGS

"If we don't return these rings by tomorrow, it will be perfectly fair for you to report the matter to the police."

That was the substance of the remarks made by three armed men who took five gold rings "on loan" from the Po Cheung Goldsmith's shop, 227 Shanghai Street, at 10 o'clock yesterday morning.

According to the foki (shop-assistant to newcomers) the three men walked in and said that as they were short of money they would like the loan of some gold rings.

The foki didn't like the idea at first. Then he changed his mind. They seemed decent types, and what nice pistols they all had.

So out came the scales and five rings were carefully weighed and valued at \$400. This seemed a reasonable figure to everyone concerned, and the three customers—one could hardly call them armed robbers—went off with a polite "thank you" and a promise to return the rings today.

As if to emphasize that there were no bad feelings and that no one blamed the foki for his initial distrust, one of them made the remark which appears in the opening paragraph of this little tale.

This, incidentally, is the third time a transaction of this nature has occurred recently. The other two loans have yet to be repaid.

## Arab League To Consult Britain

Iudan, June 13.

The Arab League Council meeting here decided today to consult the British Government before submitting the situation in Palestine to the U.N.O. Assembly. This decision amended the recommendation made by the Council's Political Sub-Committee.

A communique issued tonight stated that the Arab League Council empowers the Secretary General to request the foreign ministers of the "Big Four" powers to take part in all projected enquiries into the cases of Tripoli and Cyrenaica.

Abdul Rahman Azzam Pasha, Secretary-General, said that if these two Arab regions were to be placed under trusteeship, the "Arab League claimed the right to exercise this trusteeship."

The representatives of the Palestine Arab Higher Front (who were invited yesterday to the Council's meeting), have not arrived and the decisions on the methods of settling the differences between them and the Palestine Arab Higher Committee have in consequence been delayed.

It was understood today that the Arab League Council is to vote \$2,000,000. Of this sum \$1,000,000 will be set aside for the preservation of Arab land in Palestine and the other \$1,000,000 will be used for other purposes.—Reuter.

## REDUCED TO THE RANKS

Aldershot, June 13. Sentences of reduction to the ranks were promulgated today on three of the N.C.O.s who have been charged with deserting the troopship "Corfu" at Southampton on April 8 with intent to avoid proceeding overseas.

They were: Sergeant W. O'Sullivan, 24, Royal Artillery, of Meeting House Street, Ballymoney, County Antrim, Corporal Leonard Marley, 24, Royal Artillery, of Antwerp Road, Coventry, and Corporal Joseph Holmes, 25, Royal Welch Fusiliers, of Helyda Lane, West Darlington (near Wolverhampton).

The court-martial is still dealing with charges against other N.C.O.s. Today was the 13th day.

## FULL EMPLOYMENT Britain's All-Out Attempt

### "We Are Going To Show The World"

Bournemouth, June 13.

Mr. Herbert Morrison, Lord President of the Council, in introducing the Executive Committee's report on economic affairs at today's meeting of the Labour Party conference, said: "The economy of the United Kingdom is changing over from war to peace not only at a breathless speed but with astonishing smoothness. Demobilisation is running so rapidly that it will be virtually completed by December 31."

Mr. Morrison declared that full employment "has never yet been attempted as a policy in peacetime Britain or by any country in the world with our form of democratic government and our standards of personal freedom. This government is going to attempt it."

It is not enough to preach the blessings of public ownership. Now it is our duty and opportunity to practice and prove it. The British people will show the world that we are a successful and practical democracy—people working for people.—Reuter.

He said that in 1920, Britain lost 27,000,000 working days through trade disputes but that from July, 1945 until March this year only 3,000,000 working days were lost.

"The Government is rapidly building an overall planning organisation with what amounts to an economic general staff and its planning committees and working parties," he said. "We are looking ahead for possible trouble and for possible depression in other countries of the world. If unhappily a depression were to take place in the United States, which Heaven forbid, or if a world depression were to occur, we are preparing to do what is possible to avoid repercussions on the economic life of our own country."

The overall planning organisation he said, was responsible to, and received directions from, a committee of Ministers, acting for and on occasion reporting to the Cabinet. Their purpose was to stimulate an economic drive and to apply a doctrine of economic expansionism instead of an economic restrictionism.

The year 1947 would be the first year in which they would all be working on something on a peace footing. "But things would still be pretty rough and there will be many grim aspects. The famine threat may well dominate 1947 as badly as or perhaps worse than in 1946."

"I believe that we are going to show the world that democracy, freedom and economic planning are going to be solved by the British people which is amazing in its capacity to reconcile the irreconcilable."

World Is Sick

"The facts are constantly before us and we are determined to do every conceivable thing to see that we shall not bring back the depression and consistent misery of the past. The world is very sick and we must expect for many months to come that food, fuel and goods that are badly needed will be lost through the unreasonableness of people."

Turning to the problems of 1947, Mr. Morrison said: "In that year we shall have little more to look forward to in the reinforcement of manpower transferred from military to peaceful tasks. We will have to depend for more production and greater efficiency of our management and labour teams. Development areas in 1947 particularly will show big strides towards the elimination of pockets of unemployment. 1947 would be a year in which we shall be beginning to draw the dividends of our efforts in 1946. Lack of fuel again may be even more of a handicap as reconversion gets into its stride."

Mr. Morrison continued that the nation's efforts would be strengthened by rational and sensible use of natural resources, basic services and industries which would be nationalised. In itself it was not enough. Public ownership on every worker in industry was a big responsibility. The nation had a right to expect and was entitled to full and fair effort when the work was for the nation.

"We have turned our backs on economic scarcity and we are entering upon a new and better social period. This is the only way to peace."

## LASKI

Bournemouth, June 13. Mr. Philip Noel-Baker, Minister of State in the Labour Government, today was elected Chairman of the Labour Party, succeeding Professor Harold Laski.

Mr. Emanuel Shinwell, Minister of Fuel and Power, succeeded Mr. Noel-Baker as Vice-Chairman of the Party. The Executive decided also that as Professor Laski needs a rest before he goes to Moscow, his place in next week's delegation to Germany will be taken by Mr. Sam Watson Curran, miners' leader.—Reuter.

## Original Plea For Defence

London, June 13.

Douglas Shepherd, 44-year-old London engineer, offered an original defence at the London Sessions today when police officers testified that in his room they found 2,000 books, most of them new, 265 of which had been identified as the property of two Charing Cross Road bookshops.

Shepherd told the judge he had attempted to steal nine books from Foyles famous bookshop—and was caught in the act—merely to prove that it was impossible for anyone to have stolen 1,500 books from the same shop.

He hit upon this device to allay police suspicions that he had stolen, or received stolen books, Shepherd assured the Bench.

The engineer pleaded not guilty to stealing or receiving 276 books, adding that he wished to call 30 witnesses to prove the difficulty of identifying books. Foyles identified 200 of those in his room as their property. The trial will continue tomorrow.—Reuter.

which do not so far have labour attaches. Observers here consider that it is a characteristic development of Mr. Bevin's well-known pre-occupation with economic influences on foreign policy.—Reuter.

## "Have To Take The Nazis, After All"

Nuernberg, June 13.

Because Austria was then "completely alone in the world and nobody lifted a finger to help her," Hitler's men were able successfully to force the Chancellor, Kurt von Schuschnigg to step down and so permit the Anschluss, the war crimes tribunal was told today Wednesday.

Winding up Dr. Arthur Seyss-Inquart's defence, former Major-General Edmund von Glaise-Horstenau described how Hitler had engineered the coup.

A minister under Schuschnigg (and later vice-chancellor under Seyss-Inquart) Horstenau told the tribunal that first the Fuehrer sent for him. He then gave him (a) a draft demand for the Chancellor's resignation (b) notes for a radio speech, and (c) a telegram asking Germany for military help.

These were to be given to Seyss-Inquart for use at the appropriate moments. The erstwhile professor of military history continued: "Together with Seyss-Inquart, I went to Schuschnigg on my return. The Chancellor had a fit of weeping and then I told him of the new dangers and the possibility of another world war. I implored him to give in."

As a result Schuschnigg decided to call off the plebscite arranged, the witness said. But then Berlin telephoned Seyss-Inquart to say that "Hitler had run out of patience and wanted him to take over as Chancellor immediately." Horstenau quoted the witness as saying: "I refused."

## VEIL LIFTED ON MUFTI MYSTERY

(By Harold King)

Paris, June 13.

The veil was lifted today on the mystery surrounding the departure of the Mufti of Jerusalem from France when a Foreign Office official announced tonight that police inquiry had revealed the Mufti actually left France nearly a fortnight ago in an American plane which took off from the Orly airfield, near Paris, and landed in Cairo.

The Mufti used a Syrian passport, No. 90, issued to him under a false name on Nov. 28, 1945. Under this assumed identity, the Mufti boarded American Douglas DC4 plane belonging to the Trans-Continental and Western Airline at the Orly airport on the morning of May 29.

The plan, which had left Washington the day before, departed from Paris at 11.00 a.m. on May 29 and arrived at Cairo the same night.

The French police enquiry also revealed how the Mufti tricked French policemen, charged with watching over his security and were posted outside his residence near Paris.

On May 28, the Mufti's aides announced that the Mufti was ill. A person dressed up to look like the Mufti returned to the house at that day in the Mufti's car. The policemen were thus satisfied that he was at home, and his failure to emerge for the next ten days caused no surprise, as he was assumed to be ill in bed.

Stayed Out

In fact, the Mufti did not return home on May 28, but spent the night elsewhere. Conjecture has it that he hid with friends on the night preceding his departure from France.

A Reuter despatch from Jerusalem says that Dr. Izzat Tannous, Secretary of the Arab Higher Committee, said tonight he understood that the Mufti "is safe." He had gathered this, he added, from a telephone talk with Jamal-Husseini, Chairman of the Arab Higher Committee, now in Bludan, Syria, for the Arab League conference.

Dr. Tannous said he did not know the Mufti's whereabouts. "He may be anywhere between Baghdad and Jeddah, but most probably he is in Syria," he added. Dr. Tannous, one of the leaders of the Arab Christian community in Palestine, said that 100,000 Arab Christians were behind the Mufti. "Though the Mufti is a Moslem, he is not a fanatical Moslem," he declared.

Police Chief Sacked

Jamil Mardam Bey, Syrian Minister to Cairo and Chairman of the Arab League Council, said at Bludan today that he knew nothing of the report that the Mufti was hiding on his estate near Damascus. He did not know whether the Mufti had arrived in Syria.

It is officially confirmed in Paris that Rene Desvaux has been dismissed as chief of the Paris judicial police as the result of the Mufti's escape from his chateau near Paris.—Reuter.

## BYRNES OFF TO PARIS

Washington, June 13.

U.S. Secretary of State James Byrnes left today for Paris and the show-down meeting with Russian Foreign Minister Molotov on the restoring of peace to Europe.

Diplomatic authorities said there appears to be no doubt that the Big Four Foreign Ministers' meeting, opening on Saturday will prove finally whether or not the great powers are capable of setting European peace in unity. Byrnes' trump card in trying to persuade Molotov to agree on such critical issues as the disposition of Trieste and the settlement of the Italian reparations is his announced determination to carry the whole controversy to the United Nations in September, if it is not settled at Paris.

American officials frankly regard this as a desperate move justified only by the conviction here that the conditions of peace must be at least partly restored in Europe before the end of the year. Byrnes and his advisers hope that Russia will make substantial concessions in order to maintain unity among the great powers. Diplomats expect little progress for the first ten days or two weeks of the conference.

## SHORTS TO MOVE TO BELFAST

London, June 13.

The British Ministry of Supply today announced its decision to transfer the aircraft works of Short Brothers, Limited, manufacturer of the new Shortland flyingboat, reportedly the biggest in the world, from Rochester, Kent to Belfast, Northern Ireland.

The Ministry explained that the increasing size and weight of flyingboats made the facilities of Medway River, on which Rochester stands, unsuitable and added that the workshops were inadequate for modern requirements. "The conditions required are to be found at the works of Short and Harland, Belfast," the statement said.

The announcement was made after a deputation of civic heads, members of Parliament, trades union officials and workers from three Kent towns had pleaded with Mr. Arthur Woodburn, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Supply, to keep the works in Rochester.

Mr. Woodburn promised the Rochester townspeople that a number of smaller industries would be introduced in place of the aircraft works and said that this would ensure greater stability of employment.

The Government would offer 200 to 300 Rochester workers jobs in Belfast, and the Northern Ireland Government would help to find homes for them.—Reuter.

## Freedom Of City Of London

London, June 13.

Admiral of the Fleet, Viscount Cunningham, Field-Marshal Alanbrooke and Marshal of the R.A.F., Viscount Portal, who directed the Navy, Army and Air Services during the war, were today given the Freedom of the City of London.

Lord Alanbrooke, in an address at a reception in the Guildhall, said that everywhere under all conditions soldiers of the British Empire had shown themselves possessed of four great characteristics which had made our fighting men famous through history: Patience, tenacity, courage and chivalry. He added that no sane man would believe that Britain contemplates aggression against anybody except those who threatened the peace of the world.

Viscount Cunningham said that in his opinion the real heroes of the war were the housewives of Britain. Premier Attlee and Mr. Winston Churchill attended the ceremony.—Reuter.

## THE WEATHER

Today's forecast:—Light to moderate southerly wind; mainly fair except for showers locally. Yesterday's weather:—Maximum: 88 deg. at 10 a.m. Minimum: 80 deg. at 8 a.m. Rainfall: 0.6 in. Sunshine: 5.5 hours. Max. Rel. Humidity: 85% at 9 a.m.



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### LOWER LEVELS

The temporary nature of Government's arrangements for separation allowances—they terminate in August—means presumably that a more permanent policy affecting salary scales is under consideration. Quite obviously, the question of revisions on the basis of the prevailing cost of living cannot be avoided indefinitely. Measures which must result in an increase in the cost of government are not as a rule assured of our support, but the position today is such that no other justifiable attitude offers. Government servants enjoying the higher scales of pay seek no sympathy, and would get none. But there are a host of men who have returned to the Colony and are being paid at 1941 rates giving them an income of between \$250 and \$400 per annum, out of which they have wives and children to support at home. Those at the upper end of this bracket can manage to make ends meet with care and the addition of \$60 separation allowance, but those at the lower end face serious financial plight. There is strong dissatisfaction in the ranks of the police, the sanitary department and the prisons department, to mention only the more obvious spheres. Discontent never made a good servant, and it is widespread. It is too easy to remind ourselves that many of these men had accumulated pay to draw at the end of the war. They had also heavy expenses, restoring wardrobes and purchasing other necessities. They have to build homes all over again. Furthermore, it follows that those who had least to draw are also those now most heavily exercised in struggling to meet running expenses out of current earnings. In general, it may be said that their attitude includes a spirit of patience. But it is a patience arising from a belief that as something must be done, it will be done.

### THE FUTURE

At a moment when the material aspect of the world contains so much that is discouraging, it is invigorating to note the confidence and hope in which Lord Tedder accepted the freedom of the City of London the other day. The honour paid to him recognised his great services as an Air Commander in the field, and as Deputy Supreme Commander under the man whom he himself called "the arch-team builder, the great gentleman and great leader, General Eisenhower." Yet it was not, in the main, of the recent past that Lord Tedder spoke, nor of his own new task as Chief of the Air Staff. It was of the future, and of the contribution of British youth and the British way of life to the making of a sane and decent world for those now living. Such is mankind's justified horror of mass bloodshed that we are frequently assured that wars settle nothing and that warfare brings out of worst in human nature. Both generalisations are untrue. All that is true is that wars create unsettlement and that warfare brings out some of the best in human nature—in the worst possible conditions. Amid this wastage, there is, as Lord Tedder emphasised, some precious salvage for peace in the spirit of sacrifice, of teamwork and of love of one's country. Among the young airmen that spirit was pre-eminent, but it was by no means confined to any or all of the fighting services. Indeed, it was manifest among the civilian population of Britain, Londoners above all. Lord Tedder made a fine appeal that this spirit shall not be lost in peace conditions, and that youth shall brace itself to face the future with the same confidence in its mission of freedom.

### CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



"You understand that in portraiture the artist strives to express the individuality of the subject, rather than to produce an exact likeness!"

## What Shall We Put In The Place Of Exams?

The drastic changes in the examination system recommended recently have stirred debate on the oldest but still the most burning of educational topics. Are examinations true tests of talent and brains? If they are abolished, what trust-worthy tests of mental quality can be found?

The tyranny of the current system has certainly done much harm to education; has tended to stereotype teaching; has cramped the style of teachers; and produced a cramming system at an early age.

### Specialising Too Soon

But there are dangers in sweeping away the examination system altogether, or leaving it tests until the age of eighteen. One of the dangers is the loss of the broad education which has been for young people to specialise too soon.

If children are left to follow their own bent they are in danger of growing up without any general education at all and no philosophy of life to which to relate their specialised knowledge.

We already have too many scientists who cannot write English; too many literary people and artists who have no conception of the meaning of the developments of modern science; and too many specialists of all kinds who are totally ignorant of the social, historical and literary background of their own country. That is the way to create robots rather than human beings.

### Guides To Careers

The School Certificate has at least ensured that up to the age of 16 children must include in their curriculum some mathematics, some history and a modern language. If the general examination at 16 is done away with, then something must be done to see that the schools maintain a sufficiently wide curriculum and that the standards reached by teaching can be adequately tested.

You may not be able to tell at 16 how boys and girls will do at the university, but you ought to be able at least to tell negatively that some of them will not make good at college and that their energies should be directed into other channels.

The income limits of parents in the new Ministry of Education proposals as a test for maintenance aid should be qualified by taking into account the size of the family. A parent with \$1,500 a year and four or five promising children nearing university age is as deserving of assistance as the parent with under \$600 a year.

### Civil Service Losses

Those who know least about the Civil Service often abuse it indiscriminately. Those who know it best realise it is like a cake in which the plums and raisins are of the finest quality but the dough tends to be a little heavy.

The Government is now about to bake a far bigger Civil Service cake with far fewer plums at its disposal. The new legislation is putting a heavy strain on the departments and fresh recruits to Whitehall offices are sorely needed. Yet this is a

time when some of the best men in the Service are leaving it.

With the end of this war—as at the end of the last—a number of brilliant civil servants have gone into the City or big business. A man with a growing family finds the rewards of industry more tempting than Whitehall's prizes.

### Some Prizes Needed

There is today another rival for Whitehall's favours. The new Boards and other non-departmental bodies which are being set up are attracting civil servants of high calibre.

By Q. M.

Sir Arthur Street is a case in point. He received \$3,500 as Principal Under-Secretary at the Air Ministry, and \$3,500 (approximately) at the Control Commission. He now is to get \$5,000 at the Coal Board and as yet an uncertain amount in commutation of his pension rights.

The exodus of civil servants is alarming. It is likely that plans to the Government to arrest it will be made in the House of Commons.

The Foreign Office reforms have brought relief to the diplomatic service, which used to be one of the more notorious sweated industries. There is need for salary revisions or some other form of incentive to keep first-class brains in Government service—where they have never been more in demand.

**Brendan And The Whale**  
Precisely a century ago in the Corn Law debates Mr. Disraeli was flinging the Greek fire of his invective at Sir Robert Peel.

I suspect Mr. Brendan Bracken, who is one of the best-read men in Parliament, of remembering Disraeli and thinking of Mr. Hugh Dalton as Peel. For in the Finance Bill debates Mr. Bracken was Disraeli in his cadences.

He talked of "our inflated Budget, our inflated currency—our inflated Chancellor." Mr. Dalton was the "Castro Chancellor," the joy and pride of the Stock Exchange gamblers.

Mr. Bracken's description of the aged valetudinarians who dodged out of City board rooms to fall into the arms of the Chancellor, and who listened for the Ministerial bull with their ear trumpets, was sassy. High Wycombe 1846 rather than bath-chair Bournemouth 1946. But much may be forgiven to wit and gaiety in either Front Bench in these grey days.

When Dizzy exploded his fire crackers, Peel used to turn white and say something to the effect that he could wish for no better tribute than the honourable gentleman's gibes. When Bracken coruscates, Dalton pays no heed, but swims forward through the Parliamentary seas with majestic complacency like the White Whale. Was that supposed to be a harpoon? Oh dear, I thought it was a pin. And Captain Ahab, Bracken returns felled to harbour.

## Cross Words With A Bishop

Bishops can always be relied on to state the obvious at obviously the right time.

So, when our rations are cut again, when, after a year of peace, income tax is still high enough to kill initiative, especially among those most likely to have any initiative, and when most of us are deeply humiliated by the Washington debate on the Ameri-

By NATHANIEL  
GUBBINS,

London Sunday Express  
Humorist

can loan, it was obviously the right time for the Bishop of Rochester to observe that Britain had "sunk into a complaining lethargy." It has.

If the bishop had left it at that he would not have been mentioned here. You can't blame a man for stating the obvious, however dull it may be. But he said it in a corping spirit, adding that "strikes and absenteeism had blotted the most splendid page in English history."

Although nobody in his right mind would applaud strikes and absenteeism without a just and urgent cause, has the bishop no compassion in his heart for those who helped to write this most splendid page, even if, in his opinion, they have blotted it? heard, that after an exhausting effort men and nations are inclined to be irritable and critical and also inclined to absenteeism merely because they are tired? He can't expect everybody to be as high-minded as himself, and to talk of a few tired and irritable men blotting the pages of English history is to put it mildly for the younger readers of these remarks) sheer poppycock.

As a matter of fact, we are all tired and irritable and inclined to absenteeism—except, perhaps, bishops, who are not as other men. I am tired and irritable because, although the United States, as such, would not now exist but for the war exertions of this country, we were treated in the American Senate like a defeated nation. I am also wearing a shabby suit.

I am tired and irritable because, although this loan will be of far more advantage to the United States than it will be to us, American senators deliberately kept the British Government in doubt about it in order to embarrass and finally wreck the British Government, the constitution of which, whether you agree with it or not, is none of America's business. I also have holes in my utility socks.

I am tired and irritable because our greatest soldier has been labelled and insulted by a scribbling American, Ralph Ingersoll, with little knowledge of military matters, to launch his bestseller; because, although British and Dominion troops fought the hardest battles of the war, they got no credit for it; because, although we are generous in our praise of foreigners, they are rarely generous in their praise of us. I also have holes in most of my shirts.

I am also tired and irritable because, while I was being bombed by flying bombs, I worked hard to write the greatest flop in the history of the B.B.C., and now have to pay nearly nine-tenths of the money back to the Inland Revenue; because I can see now that industry and initiative don't pay; that there is no point at all in doing more than the absolute minimum; that it would be more profitable to be a crook or a black marketer or become a gipsy.

And as for absenteeism, if income tax is not considerably reduced by next April I shall probably give work up, too, which would be a break for bishops.

Did I mention also that half my handkerchiefs are in rags and the rest have been six weeks at the laundry?

So there you are, my dear bishop.

We are certainly "sunk into a complaining lethargy," and we are entitled to be "sunk" in it, without blotting the pages of English history and without any amazing remarks from you.

### MASS TRIAL AT DACHAU

Dachau, June 13.  
Fifty-two former Nazi officers and guards of the infamous Flossenberg concentration camp pleaded "not guilty" today when they faced an American military court. The accused were charged with murdering thousands of women, Polish civilians and other foreign political prisoners by "scientific inoculation," shooting, hanging, and strangulation.

The mass trial follows two large-scale trials which took place two weeks ago.

A total of 28 Nazis were hanged for their part in the brutal murders in the Dachau camp, and 28 operators of the Dachau camp suffered a similar fate.







## PRESENTATION OF INSIGNIA

During the King's Birthday Parade at Happy Valley, His Excellency the Governor made a presentation of insignia to Major-General Chang Kuang-ching and Capt. A. Melhum.

Both received the insignia of an honorary officer of the order of the British Empire. Major-General Chang is a native of Hainan and a regular army officer. Young and energetic his promotion in the Chinese army has been rapid and his reputation is high among the junior field commanders.

His association with British troops in China dates from his appointment at the end of 1942 as garrison commander of the Waichow and Tamshui garrison command. He was concurrently divisional commander of 187. Division and regular troops of that unit formed the nucleus of the garrison.

He held this appointment until early 1944 and throughout that period he and the officers and men of his command gave every possible assistance to the officers of the British Army Aid Group, who maintained forward headquarters in this area, and also to British and Indian personnel who had escaped from Hong Kong.

The award which has been conferred on General Chang was approved almost two years ago but his arduous military duties have made it until now impossible to find a suitable occasion for presentation of the insignia. When he was transferred to Chungking for a short period of staff duty last year tentative arrangements were made, but again he was sent at short notice to Canton, and it is only on his present visit to Hong Kong that it has been possible to arrange the ceremony.

### Capt. Melhum

The citation for the award of the O.B.E. to Captain Melhum states that the Norwegian motorship *Velox* was sailing in a Mediterranean convoy which was heavily attacked by about 30 enemy aircraft on August 13, 1944.

Every ship in the convoy repelled with its defensive armament. Many of the planes were hit and the attack was driven off. Shortly afterwards a second attack developed and once again the enemy was beaten off by the fire of the convoy. The motorship *Velox* was particularly outstanding in both attacks.

Captain Melhum displayed outstanding qualities of courage during these attacks. He handled his ship skilfully and the magnificent defence under his leadership greatly helped in beating off the two determined enemy attacks; his own ship being responsible for the probable destruction of one of the attackers.

Capt. Melhum is commander of the SS "Hermelin," which is now sailing out of Hong Kong.

## CORRESPONDENCE

### No Insult

Sir,—We suggest that your correspondent Wong Kam Ning investigates more thoroughly the peculiarities and inconsistencies of English language and grammar before making such criticisms. No doubt his dislike of the word "Chinaman" springs from a commendable desire to combat racial prejudice, wherever he may meet it, but he is entirely wrong in supposing that this word is an insult to the inhabitants of China. For example, even in England the inhabitants of Yorkshire are and are proud to be called such. One never hears, however, an inhabitant of Kent being referred to as a "Kentman" or an inhabitant of Hampshire, a "Hampshireman."

Strangely enough, a "man of China" or "China man" could be taken to mean a man made of pottery. (Such is the peculiarity of the English tongue) "Chinamen" and "Chinamen" are equally correct, and we fail to see why your correspondent discerns an insult in the noun and none in the adjective.

FIVE IGNORANT ENGLISHMEN.

## H.K.V.D.C. ORDERS

Orders by Lt.-Col. E. J. R. Mitchell, O.B.E., E.D., Acting Officer Commanding H.K.V.D.C. Order No. 39, 12th June, 1946.

1. Command—Lt.-Col. E. J. R. Mitchell, O.B.E., E.D., re-assumed acting command of Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps, w.e.f. 12 June 1946.

2. Returning Volunteers—All Volunteers who have returned to this Colony must report themselves to this H.Q. if they have not done so before.

3. Red Cross Supplies—Distributions will be made at Volunteer Headquarters to all members of H.K.V.D.C. and H.K.B.N.V.P. who were Prisoners-of-War on 15th August, 1946, on Friday the 14th from 10.00 to 12.00 hours and 14.30 to 16.00 hours, and on Saturday the 16th from 10.00 to 12.30 hours. If unable to call in person, delivery will be made only against signed authorisation.

## King's Birthday Parade

All the jockey club stands and advantage points round Wong-neichong Road were occupied yesterday morning by crowds to witness the first post-war parade to mark the anniversary of His Majesty's birthday.

The parade was confined to members of the Combined Services which included the W.A.A.F.

His Excellency the Governor arrived at nine o'clock and after the Royal Salute and three cheers for the King, His Excellency and party moved to the saluting base erected in front of the Monument opposite the Police Recreation Club where he took the salute in a "march past" by the troops.

With His Excellency were Gen. F. W. Festing, G.O.C., Commodore D. H. Everett, Air Commodore W. A. D. Brook and other high ranking officers.

The band of the Jaipur Guards was in attendance.

The march past was headed by two armed contingents from H.M.S. Tamar and Destroyers and escorts and two unarmed contingents from H.M.S. Newfoundland and Destroyers and escorts. The Royal Marines (armed) followed. Then came contingents from the Commandos, Jaipur Guards, R.A.F. Regiment, and R.A.F. and last the W.A.A.F.

While the march past was on, an exhibition of physical training and gymnastic display were given by 5,000 children from the various schools.

Slight rain fell during the display but the children carried on.

## HOW TO GROW SALADS IN YOUR WINDOW-BOXES!

Our purpose here is to tell you in plain language what must be done and the things that will be required to grow clean and delicious vegetables in pots or boxes at home, says an announcement by the Agricultural Department. The important qualifications to have are the desire to succeed and the willingness to follow step by step the advice that will be given. The fortunate people are those who possess gardens, no matter how small, but others having flat roofs, and little open space where there is direct sunlight for even half a day can also succeed equally well.

To begin with we must have containers to hold soil, and these should each be provided with an opening at the bottom, to allow excess water to escape. The common twelve inch pots are good for all round purposes and ordinary condensed milk or soap boxes with half inch slits underneath are also excellent. Make four short legs or place small stones under your box to permit air circulation. For growing vegetables in pot or box should be shallower than four inches or deeper than ten inches.

Any garden earth or potting soil will serve your purpose but inexperienced gardeners are advised against using clay or red hillside earth. Decayed leaves or saw dust mixed with earth and lime will help. You will be advised how to feed your growing vegetables regularly. The main purpose of the soil is to give the growing plant a foot-hold and to retain moisture.

### The Tools

The necessary garden tools are a trowel, a three-pronged short handle weeding fork and a watering can. Make all these your own. Do not buy unless absolutely necessary. Remember it is the things you do not buy that keep prices down. So here too you can

### THE "DUNTROON"

It was officially stated yesterday that an offer had been made by the Agricultural Department to make available the "Duntroon" for one trip to Hong Kong to bring back former Hong Kong and Far East residents.

The Hong Kong Government is now actively investigating the accommodation situation and how it will be affected by any such arrival, bearing in mind that a certain number of the passengers will be in transit to Shanghai.

help, as we hope you will help to grow more food, and in both cases you will help save your purse. An old Chinese frying-pan ladle can be used as a trowel, some wire can be used as a fork, and a tin can made into a watering can. An empty tin with numerous tiny holes in the bottom with the aid of a small nail will give you a good watering-can. These are the essential tools for pot gardening. If others are required they will be mentioned from time to time and their use described.

We now come to vegetable seeds. Some kinds you must buy to sow directly in your rows, pots or boxes. You will be advised what seeds to get, where to get them, and how to sow and care for them. Certain other kinds will be given by us and given to you as young plants a few inches high, and ready to be planted. This will make it much easier for you. With every kind of vegetable you are recommended to grow full directions will be given, and further instruction will be added as you progress. Should you wish to have certain questions answered we are ready to help you always.

### Fertilisers

Since all living things must eat to grow, so also growing vegetables must be fed. This feeding of ordinary vegetables is a very simple matter and easily understood. Plant foods are known as fertilisers and manures.

Here in Hong Kong we have peat-moss, sulphate of ammonia, nitrate of soda, lime bone-powder, woodashes, horse, cow, and chicken manure, fish-meal, urine, goat, and soap-suds.

Nightsoil should never be used for home gardens. Later we shall tell you simply and briefly the value of each of the above as plant food and how to use it. Use the cheapest fertiliser you can get. The idea is to spend as little as possible so that the vegetables you will eventually eat will have cost you practically nothing.

## KATE AND DUPLICATE

London, June 13. A London woman who had twin daughters wanted them christened Kate and Duplicate, but a clergyman refused to perform the ceremony.

The mother appealed to the Chancellor of the Diocese—a distinguished member of the Bar—who upheld the clergyman. He said the clergyman was within his rights in refusing to christen a child with a name he thought objectionable.

The child was christened Duplicate nevertheless because the mother wrote the name on her birth certificate.

The vicar of a thickly-populated London parish, who has compiled a record of christenings since 1939, says Winston heads the list, Montgomery is second and Alexander third.

The list contains a few Tobruks, two Benghazi and one Tunis.

### SHAI EXCHANGE

Shanghai, June 13.

The 10 a.m. quotations were—

Buying Selling

CNS CNS

Gold per ounce 187,000 188,000

U.S. Dollars 2,560 2,580

Hong Kong Dollars 440 450

Closing quotations were—

Gold per ounce 188,000-188,500

U.S. Dollars 2,520 2,570

Hong Kong Dollars 450 460

U.S. Dollar market—

Associated Press.

## Wedding

Denholm—Pasco

St. Joseph's Church, Garden Road, was the scene of the season's most colourful wedding yesterday when Miss Patricia Kathryn Sheila Pasco was married to Capt. Alastair Robert Denholm, R.A. The bride and groom are two of the most popular members of the Colony's younger set.

The Rev. Fr. Telford, C.F., officiated; while the Very Rev. Father A. Riganti was at the organ. Fr. Riganti played a march that was specially composed for the occasion.

The bride was married in the same church where her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. Pasco, were wed 23 years ago and where she herself was baptised.

She was charmingly attired in a gown modelled after a 13th Century bias relief of the Florentine Madonna (early Giotto School). The severe, classic design and heavy folds gave an impression of sculptured lines. The bouquet of lotus and jasmine was selected as a tribute to Chinese surroundings.

The bridegroom wore the regimental kilt of the Gordon Highlanders.

The bridesmaid, Miss Angela Willis, was in green taffeta. The flared skirt was enhanced by tulle sweeping unto the ground. The whole design was one of moulded simplicity. Her bouquet was of orange gladioli.

The Matron of Honour, the bride's mother, was in blue. Her gown was of heavy crepe marocain cut on simple Greek lines and emphasised by touches of cyclamen. A small Patou toque of caprey feathers completed the ensemble. She carried a bouquet of cyclamen gladioli.

The flower maids—the Misses Eliza Chain, Sophia Moniem, Suzanne Leah and Naomi Gurvich, pupils of the bride—were in white organdie and carried bouquets of variegated flowers.

The duties of best man were undertaken by Lieut. Victor Ross. The bride was given away by her father, Mr. B. Pasco. A reception was held later at the Officers' Club, Gloucester Hotel, arrangements being in the capable hands of Lieut. Jenkins.

### Toast By G.O.C.

The G.O.C., Major-General Frank W. Festing, proposed the toast to the newly-weds, remarking on the fact that while all who had come to serve in Hong Kong had found the Colony a remarkably beautiful place, the groom's zone one better by winning the hand of one of the Colony's prettiest brides.

Among the guests were Mr. D. H. Blake, Sister Henri, Sister Alix, Col. M. Ford, Lt.-Col. J. R. Edgar, Lt.-Col. and Mrs. Mitchell, Dr. J. W. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Rutledge and family, Capt. C. Gwinner, Lt.-Col. R. D. de M. Leathes, R.N., Col. J. D. Welch, Mr. T. R. Rowell, Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Ballantyne, Lt.-Col. P. W. C. Hollings, Lt.-Col. C. B. Ferguson, Lt.-Col. F. G. W. Axworthy, Miss Webster and Sisters of 28 I.G.H. Capt. Simpson, Major Hodgman, Major Schofield, Sgt. Kay, Lt.-Col. Pahwa, Mr. Wai Po-chung, Mr. B. Bernacchi, Mr. M. A. da Silva, Mr. G. A. Harrison, Major D. Lightbody, Major J. Gills, Mr. and Mrs. P. Pavri, Major Skewes Cox, Capt. Blakemore, Major Hardy, Capt. J. Hedford, Capt. Hedlam, Capt. Fowler, Major Forbes, Mr. and Mrs. Johangir, Miss R. Naylor, Mr. P. Osborne, Mr. S. Potloff, Mr. Shroff, Mr. J. J. Shroff, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Shroff, Major Puddicombe, Major MacLaine, Mr. F. I. Newman, Capt. J. J. Barr, Capt. A. J. H. Burton, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gurvich, Major P. Forbes, the Misses Mitchell, Miss M. Dunn, Capt. A. V. Cook, Capt. E. C. Klein, Mr. R. Hall, Mr. J. P. B. Byrne, Capt. Kingdon, Sq.-Ldr. C. E. Linton, Miss Muriel Cowell, Miss A. Tindle, Lt. W. Spiller, Lt.-Col. S. Waters, Mr. and Mrs. Field, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Hill, Lt. D. Lester, Mme. Ohl, Miss Ohl, Miss C. Ball, Mr. P. Somers Brown, Capt. R. Pybus, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Kan, Miss J. Stobart, Major E. N. Morgan, the Misses A. and D. Woods, the Rev. K. Watanabe, Mr. J. Cooper, Major I. L. Chambers, Capt. J. A. Orr-Ewing, Capt. E. L. Marsh, Sgt. N. Roberts, Lieut. H. T. Jenkins, Capt. N. Tietjen, Capt. C. B. Titcher, Capt. J. Aubrey Smith, Capt. F. L. Thomas, Major R. D. Crombie, Capt. P. J. J. Capt. A. B. Davies, Capt. J. Harrison, Col. J. E. Gordon, Lt. R. Parkinson, Major D. Furlong, Mrs. Moan, Mr. and Mrs. Rasmussen, Mrs. Helen Lau, Miss Mary Lau, Mr. Simon Kan, Miss Eileen Lim, Mr. and Mrs. Chan, Sgt. Linton, Mr. M. F. Manthlin, Mr. T. Li, Mrs. Mona Shand, Miss A. Vassolera, Miss C. Venetky, Mr. M. Roder, Mr. V. Marr, Mrs. R. Weill, Mrs. A. Tobias, Mrs. M. Young, Mrs. P. Li, Mr. and Mrs. Strauss, Mr. B. Byrne, Major Gough, Capt. Holt, Capt. Watts, Miss Sanchez, Miss P. Sykes, Mr. and Mrs. Ubah and family, Major Nicholson, Sister Stratton, Capt. D. Smith, Mr. J. Kay, Miss M. Dawson, Mr. and Mrs. R. Chan and Capt. A. Sykes.

## Dockyard Strike Nearly Over?

About 100 men returned to work at the Kowloon Dockyard yesterday and this morning all members of the Chinese Engineers Institute will be reporting for duty. The decision reached at the meeting on Tuesday evening did not reach all the workers in time for them to return to work yesterday morning.

It is possible that in addition to members of the Engineers Institute, some of the other strikers may also return. A complete restoration of work at the dockyard now seems but a matter of days.

Yesterday the Chinese Engineers Institute issued a circular to members again exhorting them not to allow themselves to be misled by irresponsible elements and to refer all complaints and disputes to the arbiters in the first instance instead of taking independent action.

## Awards To BPF Officers, Men

Nearly 700 awards to officers and men of the British Pacific Fleet for service in the final operations against Japan have been announced. They include:

C.D.E.: Commodore D. H. Everett, Commodore, Hong Kong; Captain B. Boucher, H.M.S. Tyrone; Captain W. R. Felt, H.M.S. Bonaventure; Captain (R) Sir John Gude, staff of Commander-in-Chief; Captain (R) J. R. Allfrey, staff of Commander-in-Chief.

O.B.E.: Captain (R) W. K. Weston, H.M.S. Tyrone; Captain (R) H. H. Harvey, H.M.S. Tyrone; Commander M. Hodges, H.M.S. Duke of York; Commander C. H. Hutchinson, H.M.S. King George V.; Commander E. T. Larkins, Staff of Commander-in-Chief; Captain P. T. A. Lowe, H.M.S. Tamar; Commander R. E. Topp, H.M.S. King George V.; Commander D. W. Graham, H.M.S. Bonaventure; Commander J. H. Palmer, H.M.S. Thesiger; Commander L. S. C. Sheppard, Staff of Commander-in-Chief; Commander C. E. Glenister, H.M.S. Anson; Lt.-Commander R. G. Jenkins, H.M.S. Crane; Captain E. V. Blyth, R. P. A. Disdale; Captain R. D. Browne, R. P. A. Wave Monarch; Chief Officer D. G. Cox, R. P. A. Dingledele; Chief Engineer Officer W. J. Brown, R. P. A. Wave Monarch; Chief Officer A. Jackson, R. P. A. Wave Monarch; M.B.E.: Lt.-Commander C. T. Foster Kemp, Staff of Commander-in-Chief; Lieut. P. Appleby, H.M.S. Duke of York; Lieut. P. A. Rolfe, H.M.S. Anson; Lieut. P. W. Sherry, H.M.S. Tyrone; Lieut. W. R. Lloyd, H.M.S. Rolfe; Lieut. G. H. Spackling, H.M.S. Tyrone; Commissioned Signal Boatman S. G. O'Leary, H.M.S. King George V.; Commissioned Tel. P. T. Hawkins, H.M.S. Anson; Commissioned Mechanician F. A. Heyes, H.M.S. Thesiger; D.S.O.: Captain G. F. Burghard, H.M.S. Troubridge; Captain H. P. Henderson, Captain 25th Destroyer Flotilla; Captain P. V. McLaughlin, H.M.S. Swiftsure; Captain (R) A. D. McGlashan, staff of Commander-in-Chief; Commander A. M. Rundle, H.M.S. Newfoundland; Commander G. R. Cook, H.M.S. King George V.; Lt.-Commander D. F. Chilton, H.M.S. Bermuda; Lt.-Commander C. E. A. Cree, H.M.S. King George V.; Lt.-Commander M. J. Hodgson, H.M.S. Newfoundland; Lieut. V. C. Merry, Flag Lt. to Commander-in-Chief; Lieut. P. A. Southgate, H.M.S. Troubridge.

Mentioned in Despatches: Captain H. St. Lawrence Nicholson, (Captain of the Fleet); Captain B. D. Schofield; Captain R. W. Havenhill; Commander G. R. Carver; Commander J. C. Stopford; Commander A. R. J. Nolan; Surgeon Commander D. F. Walsh; Commander (R) C. J. H. Harris; Commander J. B. S. Smurthwaite; Commander H. G. O. Bull; Lt.-Commander O. G. Cameron; Lt.-Commander M. W. B. Craig-Walter; Lt.-Commander D. G. Clutterbuck; Lt.-Commander J. E. Scotland; Major P. L. Norcock; Major J. Mariner; Lt.-Commander A. M. Hodges; Lt.-Commander W. E. Rolfe; Lt.-Commander (R) R. A. H. Bartley; Lt.-Commander J. W. Christian Smith; Lt.-Commander (R) H. C. Roberts; Surg. Lt.-Commander L. E. James; Lt.-Commander (R) A. G. Reynolds; Lt.-Commander (R) J. D. Murphy and Lt.-Commander (R) D. E. Dix.

The "axing" of officers of the Royal Navy that occurred after the 1914-18 war is not likely to be repeated, the Admiralty announced yesterday. A gap will probably exist during the next few years between the number of permanent officers serving and the number required to meet commitments. To fill this gap a scheme is being considered for the grant of short service commissions to reserve officers who volunteer. Details of the scheme cannot be given until the Navy's future requirements are more accurately known.

Applications from permanent officers to retire or resign their commissions can be considered at present only on the strongest compassionate grounds. By September this year it may be possible to relax this rule.

A similar arrangement also obtains in the Army.

Members of the Kowloon Residents Association are reminded that an Extraordinary General Meeting is being held on the first floor of the Peninsula Hotel at 5.45 this evening.

Main object of reviving the Association is Government's request to the Association for its views on self-government.

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## SELF-GOVERNMENT

In view of the response to the "Self-Government" Questionnaire printed last Sunday, it is being re-printed by the "China Mail" again today, so that those who inadvertently left their copy of the paper out where Junior could get at it, or some other unthinking person make off with it, may yet be able to participate in this survey of public opinion.

The main points of contention are set out below and readers are invited to supply their considered answers, which will later be collated and published by the "China Mail" as an analysis of what the people of Hong Kong think on this important subject.

1. Do you favour a change towards some form of self-government for Hong Kong?

2. If so, do you feel best results would be obtained from:—

(a) An increase in the number of Unofficial Members of the Legislative Council?

(b) Election of all Unofficial Members?

(c) Some form of Municipal Council?

(d) Both?

3. Do you favour

(a) A general election, under which seats would be taken by those polling the most votes, irrespective of position, nationality or race?

(b) An election on the lines of those of the old Shanghai Municipal Council, whereby the leading communities had seats allotted to them and elected their own representatives to take up those seats?

4. If there is to be a vote, do you favour

(a) A universal franchise, based on birth or residence in the Colony?

(b) Votes limited to property-holders, rate-payers or some other form of restricted vote?

5. If 3 (b), do you (a) agree that as Hong Kong is a British Colony, that British representatives on the Council or other body should be in the majority?

(b) that the next largest "party," though in the minority as regards (a), should be the Chinese, restricted to those who are born here or acquire British nationality by other means?

(c) That there should be some distinction between British voters of European descent and those of other descent?

6. Do you feel that non-British residents—e.g. Americans, French, etc. and including Chinese—who otherwise fulfil qualifications such as residence, should

(a) Have a vote?

(b) Have their own representative, or representatives, on the Council?

7. Do you feel that while self-government for Hong Kong should be eventually granted, the time is not ripe, and the question should be postponed and attempts made to make Hong Kong more community-conscious?

8. What is your occupation?

9. (Not for publication).

What is your name

Address

Race

Nationality

Length of residence in H.K.

Replies should be addressed to "Questionnaire," c/o "China Mail," Windsor House, Hong Kong.



## Tokyo War Trials Open

Tokyo, June 13.

The Japanese who flung the world into a Pacific War saw their ambitious empire paraded before them today and watched it crumble as the prosecution opened its case before the International War Crimes Tribunal.

War-time Premier Hideki Tojo and 25 other men who made a great gamble and lost, watched as huge maps were unrolled, charting Nippon's sprawling aggression—Manchuria, China, and the South Pacific. Blood-red lines on the map traced the Japanese march into Asia and the Pacific—then shrank back as the empire fell apart.

In the courtroom (which was so hot that even Chief Justice Sir William Webb dozed briefly) Brigadier-General Henry Nolan of Canada droned on for 4½ hours through the prosecution statements, tracing the history of the Japanese government.

The prosecution began with the introduction of nearly 100 historic documents and treaties which it charges that Japan and the 28 defendants violated in launching the programme of Far Eastern aggression.

The defence reserved the right to object to the nature of basic exhibits which were presented by Alan Mansfield, assistant prosecutor for Australia.

The prosecution will attempt to show that Japan disregarded the fundamental rules of international behaviour in carrying out a programme of colonial acquisition and in starting the Pacific war at Pearl Harbour without a formal declaration as provided in the 1907 Hague Convention, which Japan had approved.

The eleven-nation tribunal was fully constituted for the first time with a newly appointed justice, Delfin Jaranilla of the Philippines, sitting with Judges of New Zealand, France, U.S.S.R., China, Australia, the United Kingdom, Netherlands, India and United States.—Associated Press.

### A BIT LATE

Dublin, June 13. The Japanese Government, through the Swiss Government, informed the Premier, Mr. Eamon de Valera, that Setsuya Bepko, hitherto Japanese Consul-General here, no longer holds that position, it was officially announced tonight.

The United States Legation could not explain why the Swiss Government had been chosen to transmit this tardy intelligence. Mr. Bepko closed the Consulate several months ago and went to live in the suburbs with his wife—retaining a Consul-General's diplomatic privileges.—Reuter.

### POST OFFICE NOTICES

#### MAIL NOTICE

#### Outward Mails

FRIDAY, 14th JUNE.  
Macao and Tsinshan (Kwong Pook Cheung) 10.00 a.m.  
Sandakan (Mauwang) Noon.  
Swatow (Hanyang) 1.00 p.m.  
Shanghai (Hanyang) 1.00 p.m.  
Poochow (Kai Eastern Carrier) 1.00 p.m.  
Airmail for London, Calcutta, Durban, Cairo, Rangoon, Singapore, Sydney and Auckland (By Air) (Reg.) 1.45 p.m., (Ord.) 2.00 p.m.  
Canton (Fatshan) 4.00 p.m.  
SATURDAY, 15th JUNE.  
Formosa via Keelung (Hoi Shew) 10.00 a.m.  
Swatow (Coastal Navigator) 10.00 a.m.  
Saigon (Pakhoi) 10.00 a.m.  
Straits, Ceylon, East and South Africa, Egypt and Europe via London (Benvorlich) (Parcels) 9.30 a.m., (Reg.) 9.45 a.m., (Ord.) 10.00 a.m.  
Honolulu (Harry Culbreath) 10.00 a.m.  
Manila, P.I. (Tjibadak) 10.00 a.m.  
Airmail for Shanghai only (C.N.A.C. Plane) (Reg.) 10.45 a.m., (Ord.) 11.00 a.m.  
Macao and Tsinshan (Kwong-sai) 11.00 a.m.  
Straits (Fukien) Noon.  
Canton (By Train) 4.00 p.m.  
Amoy and Swatow (Anhui) 5.00 p.m.  
SUNDAY, 16th JUNE.  
Macao and Tsinshan (Kwong Pook Cheung) 10.00 a.m.  
Canton (Fat Shan) 10.00 a.m.  
MONDAY, 17th JUNE.  
Happong (Masbate) 10.00 a.m.  
Macao and Tsinshan (Kwong Sai) 11.00 a.m.  
Airmail for London, Calcutta, Durban, Cairo, Rangoon, Singapore, Sydney and Auckland (By Air) (Reg.) 1.45 p.m., (Ord.) 2.00 p.m.  
Kongmoon (Fook Hoi) 4.00 p.m.  
Canton (By Train) 4.00 p.m.

# FORMULA FOR PEACE

## Gen. Marshall "Hates Failure"

### RICE LOAN SCANDAL

Shanghai, June 13. Implication of four sectional chiefs of the Food Ministry in the billion-dollar government rice loan scandal in April was implied in a report to Nanking as a result of the official investigation, it was reported here yesterday. The report said they involved "patently irregular and corrupt practices" whereby the loan which was intended to press prices actually resulted in increases principally through hoarding.

The four charged include Thomas S. T. Yang, American trained food expert and head of the Shanghai office of the Food Ministry who is now visiting America. — Associated Press.

### TOBACCO FIRMS CONVICTED

Washington, June 13. The United States Supreme Court today affirmed its conviction of three major tobacco companies on charges of violating the Sherman Anti-Trust Act.

The case involved the R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company and the American Tobacco Company. They were fined a total of \$255,000 in the district court of Lexington, Kentucky and the Federal Circuit Court had upheld the conviction.

Justice Burton, delivering the Supreme Court decision, said the companies "had been found to have conspired to establish a monopoly and also to have power and intent to establish and maintain the monopoly." — Associated Press.

### NEW GOVERNMENT IN SIAM

Bangkok, June 13. Siam's premier announced last night the formation of a new government to lead Siam, shaken by the death of her young king.

The principal new additions to the cabinet are Thorpin Puriphat, leader of the fast growing Sahachep or cooperative party, as minister of Industry, and Admiral Thawan Thamrong, leader of the constitution party, who becomes minister of justice. — Associated Press.

## British Films Which H.K. Will See

The Colony's cinema-goers, who are displaying a growing interest in British films, may be disappointed to learn that the next few months do not promise more than two local releases of British pictures per month.

There are some 40 or 50 British pictures in circulation throughout China, with an accumulation of many outstanding productions that local audiences are looking forward to.

Exhibitors have, however, a huge backlog of both American and British pictures to choose from and the local quota gives Eagle-Lion distributors only two first-run releases a month. The next British picture to be shown here is one of the best of the lot. It is "The Seventh Veil" starring Ann Todd and James Mason, a psychological study of a young classical pianist (played by Ann Todd) and the effect of incidents in her life upon her career on the concert stage. It is to be shown at the King's Theatre from Sunday.

Also to be released locally in the near future are "This Happy Breed", a technicolour version of Noel Coward's play, starring Robert Newton and Celia Johnson; and "Colonel Blimp"—also in technicolour—with Anton Walbrook, Roger Livesey and Deborah Kerr.

### Henry Fifth

"Henry V." with Laurence Olivier, one of the most lavish British productions of the last few years, is also due soon. It is now showing in Shanghai. Also on the list for local release in the not too far future are "Madonna of the Seven Moons," based on Margery Lawrence's novel of Italian life, with Stewart Granger and Phyllis Calvert, "2000 Women" a Gainsborough Picture with Phyllis Calvert, Flora Robson, Patricia Roc and Renee Houston—a story of a woman's internment camp in France—and another Noel Coward play on the screen, "Brief Encounter."

## Lost No Face In China

Nanking, June 13.

The sudden resurgence of hostilities has complicated grievously General George C. Marshall's task of promoting a settlement of China's protracted civil strife.

Nevertheless, the American envoy has not hinted at giving up his efforts to find a formula for lasting peace between the Chinese Communists and Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's government.

As General Marshall phrased it on a swing through the North China trouble zone last March, "I am a man who hates failure."

Some persons familiar with the Chinese scene say that General Marshall cannot stand another failure in the category in which they place the collapse of the January agreements which he sponsored. These same sources predict that Marshall will return to the United States if his efforts fail to produce a reasonable hope of some permanent settlement in the near future.

Many people say that General Marshall lost no face with the Chinese on either side, although his prestige may have suffered in the United States and other foreign countries because his hopes for a quick and lasting solution did not materialize from the January agreements.

The common reaction of the Chinese is that Marshall is the best possible choice of a mediator in the struggle for power between the two warring factions of China. If Marshall fails, it will be because he attacked an unsolvable predicament, most Chinese say.

At the moment, not more than one person out of five agree that a permanent agreement is possible. The efforts which General Marshall is throwing into the negotiation, however, indicate he does not share the general pessimism. — Associated Press.

### Reports Denied

Nanking, June 13. Reports from Peiping that the Chinese Nationalist commander in Manchuria had cancelled the 15 day truce in the civil war with the Communists were denied today by a military spokesman and the Chinese Minister of Information in Nanking.

Both asserted that the Government forces intended to abide by the truce ordered by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek last Friday to facilitate peace talks.

The military spokesman described the reports as an exaggeration.

tion of a warning to the Communists by the Nationalist commander, General Tu Yu-ming, that they must cease all provocations.

The Minister of Information said, "Government troops will never attack first."

Earlier, a Defence Ministry spokesman said that the Government's patience had reached a dangerous limit following what were described as continued Communist attacks in Shantung, Hebei and Shansi provinces.—Reuter.

## World Govt. Answer To Atom Bomb

Los Angeles, June 13.

Dr. Leo Szilard, of the University of Chicago, who aided in the atomic bomb's development, told a Southern California Committee on Atomic Information that world government may be the only alternative to global destruction in the light of atomic discoveries and the potentialities of biological warfare.

He said, as long as guns, tanks and planes are the chief weapons of war, the United States is in a strong position, owing to her large production capacity.

"With the atomic bomb in existence, the situation is completely changed. Again, the United States may out-produce every other country in atomic bombs, but once we have enough bombs to destroy all the cities of an enemy, additional bombs bring us little advantage. What matters is who has more cities exposed to destruction," Dr. Szilard declared.

He said that 60,000,000 Americans live in metropolitan areas. They will have to be relocated if the United States wants to make the nation less vulnerable to attacks. He called such a job possible, in ten years time and at an expenditure of \$20,000,000,000.

He declared that many think the United Nations peace organization may have a fair chance of preventing war, but no-one thinks that it has made war impossible.

He asserted that world government is one obvious answer. In attempting world government, he said, the peoples must bring themselves to be concerned over the welfare of all people. He proposed a series of international agencies to be created in the next two or three years and said that first there should be control over atomic energy.

He suggested it would restore standards and aid economic problems, deal with the present situation and act as a solution to the scarcity of materials, if such agencies were to come into being.

"What we urgently need is to shift our loyalties away from national loyalties to higher loyalties," he said.

Dr. Szilard is one of the 27 atomic scientists who were present when the atomic bomb tests were made in New Mexico and was among those scientists who petitioned President Truman to withhold the use of the weapon against Japan as it was close to collapse anyway.—Associated Press.

## Empire Talks On Defence

The Dominions Office announces that an informal conference on defence science is to be held by British Commonwealth scientists and Service representatives.

The conference follows—as a more specific and detailed examination of defence problems, the general discussions which have been taking place in London.

Recommendations will be made for the effective collaboration of Commonwealth countries in matters of scientific research, large-scale defence investigations and future exchange of information. The chairman will be Sir Henry Tizard, the British scientist.

### SIR FRANK SWETTENHAM

London, June 13. Sir Frank Swettenham, who was largely responsible for the formation of the Federated Malay States, died here on Tuesday, aged 96, it was announced early today.—Reuter.

### MALAYAN TIN INDUSTRY

Ipo, June 13.

Malaya's tin mining industry is gradually making a post-war comeback.

Production in European and Chinese owned mines rose from 99 tons in January to 251 tons in February and 452 tons in March.

The Dajang washers—industrial Chinese women who work with peculiar shaped wooden pans—produced 143 tons in February and 252 tons in March. They number more than 13,000 persons. Aside from those, there are 13,392 labourers employed in the industry.—Associated Press.

## TENSION AT TSINGTAO

Nanking, June 13.

China's 15 day truce appeared today to be reduced to a scrap of paper as Government's tightly controlled Central News Agency reported that an attempted Communist amphibious landing near Tsingtao was repulsed and land attacks against the city were intensified.

The Agency also declared that Government troops have crossed the Sungari River north of Changchun and are pushing toward Harbin, 70 miles northward. The despatch made no mention of any Communist opposition to this advance.

The Agency's report of this Government movement is the first admission made by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's faction that the truce is being abrogated. Government sources had earlier charged that Communists had engaged in truce violating military activities, but said that Nationalist troops had been ordered to hold their positions.

Chinese press despatches said, without other confirmation, that martial law has been proclaimed in Tsingtao. While deep concern is shown over the Tsingtao situation, General George Marshall's HQ. said it has failed to halt negotiations for a permanent settlement of China's civil war. A spokesman at Nanking said that General Marshall, while "continuing with regular affairs," is no doubt slightly perturbed about the situation.

Although the official Chinese Army spokesman, General Kuo, declared that the Tsingtao situation is "critical," with its fate dependent upon action by the United States third Marine Brigade stationed there, competent foreign sources tended to minimize the danger to the city.

These same sources said the clashes in the vicinity of Tsingtao did not necessarily portend a Communist attack on the city itself.

The Central News Agency said an amphibious landing was attempted on the beach near Tsingtao by about 200 Communists in 20 sailboats, five of which were sunk and two captured, the rest being driven off.—Associated Press.

## Elections Challenged

Paris, June 13.

French Communist deputies today challenged the validity of the election of two former French Premiers, Edouard Daladier and Paul Reynaud, elected to the new French Assembly on June 2.

The Assembly decided that before confirming the election their cases should be further examined.

The Communists are particularly bitter about Daladier, who represented France at the Munich conference with Hitler in 1938, and was responsible for the arrests of Communist deputies after the declaration of war in September, 1939.

Reynaud was Premier in the early days of the war, from March, 1940, to the French collapse in June. He was imprisoned by the Vichy Government and later by the Germans until liberated by the Allies.—Reuter.

Washington, June 13. The War Assets Administration today proposed the sale or lease of ten war-time synthetic rubber plants which cost the government \$182,000,000. The agency told Congress the plants represent one-fourth of government rubber development.—Associated Press.

## BATTLES RAGE IN INDO-CHINA

Hanoi, June 13.

Reports from the mountainous regions between Hanoi and the Chinese border today indicated battles raging between Vietnamese regular troops and extremist gangs, while at the same time the latter were infiltrating into Hanoi suburbs.

Since President Ho Chi Minh left with a Vietnamese delegation for Paris, disunion between the Vietnamese government party, Vietminh, and opposition parties and extremists has become more and more violent and has intensified attacks against Vietminh.

Their theme is that Ho Chi Minh is selling Vietnam to France and the Vietminh now controls six out of the 11 provinces. Its president, Vu Hong Khan and members are reported to have disappeared from Hanoi a few days ago.

Meanwhile, Vietnamese authorities organized a "Cochin China day" to protest against the newly established Cochin-Chinese advisory government in Saigon.

In Hanoi posters declared "down with the Saigon puppet government" and a violent press campaign accused the French of the creation of a puppet government with "gangs of traitors" to put Vietnam back in slavery.

**Siam Trouble**  
Among the latest incidents reported is that two French aviators were shot down by a Vietnamese army.

General Leclerc arrived in Hanoi this morning for a tour of inspection.

According to latest French reports from the Siamese border, rebel gangs based in Thailand in front of Savannakhet, on the French side of the Mekong river, have been considerably reinforced by elements from the North.

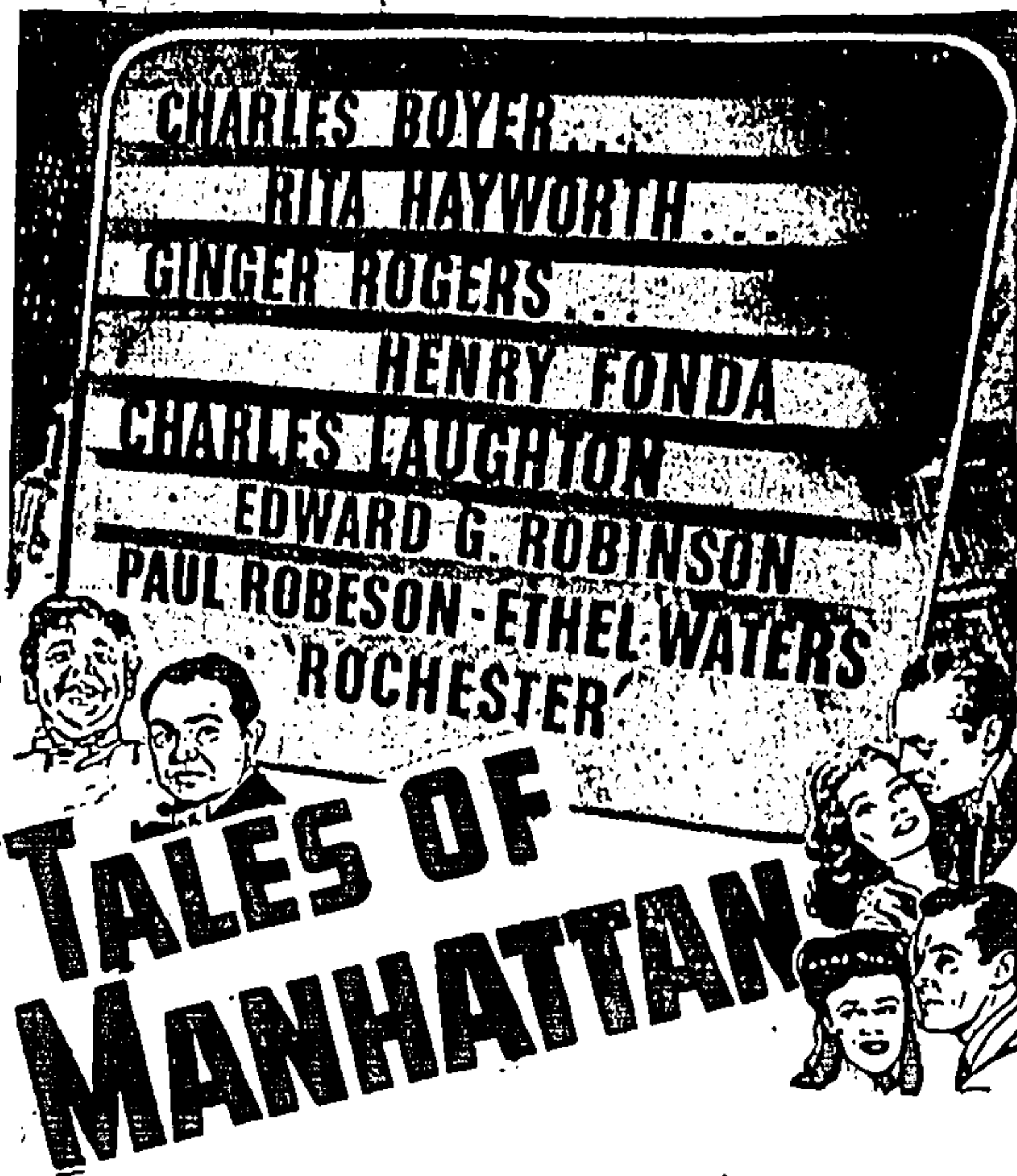
The same sources said that villages in the Vietnamese area have been violently fired upon by automatic weapons from the Siamese side of the river and planes leaving Vietnamese airfields have also been attacked.—Associated Press.





SUNDAY MORNING AT 11.15 A.M.  
SPECIAL PERFORMANCE OF SELECTED  
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TO-DAY

KING'S

At 2.30, 5.10;  
7.15 & 9.15 p.m.



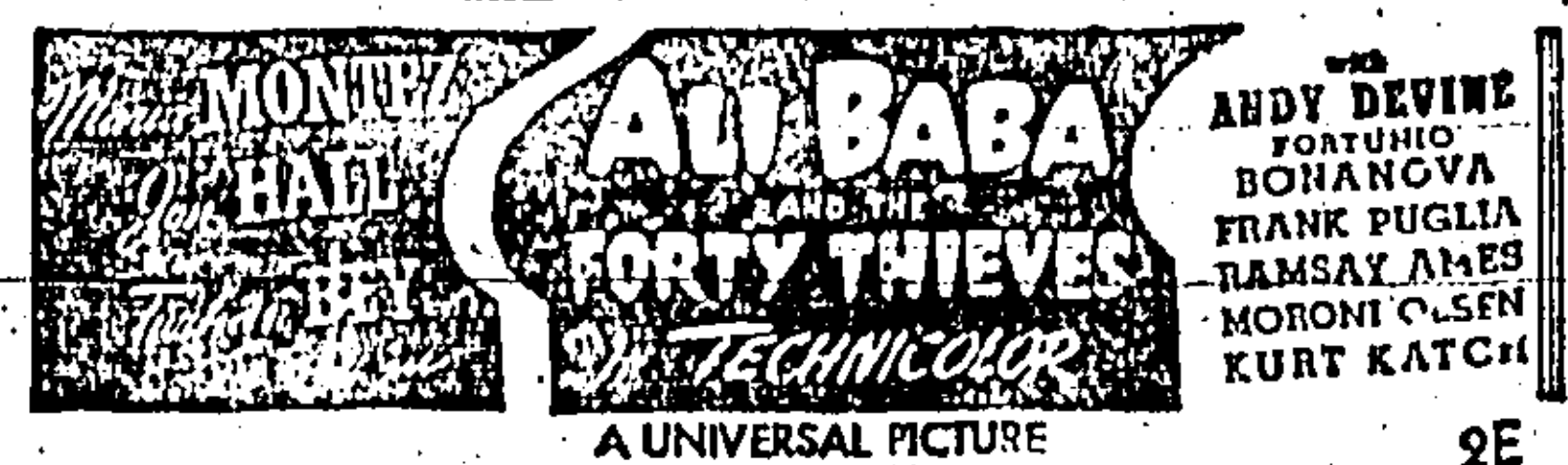
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CHANCE: JAMES MASON ANN TODD in  
"THE SEVENTH VEIL"  
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It's Fun To Laugh! Forget Your Cares!



## Riots Over Monarchy Continuing In Italy

(By Cecil Sprigge, Reuters Correspondent)

Rome, June 13.  
Mounted police, on instruction of the Italian Minister of the Interior, Signor Romita, today dispersed large Right-wing crowds converging upon the Piazza del Popolo, where a monster Republican meeting was held yesterday. While Monarchists carrying Savoy flags tried to break into the forbidden square, the police galloped in formation to and fro across the open space and on one side of the square ugly scuffling developed between rival bands.

## Admiralty Disposing Of Nazi Ammo

London, June 13.  
An official of the Admiralty said today that large quantities of German ammunition and poison gas will be sunk by warships in the Skagerrak soon.  
"It is part of a programme of disposal of ex-enemy war material that has been going on for the past four months," he told the Associated Press.  
"The military authorities in the British occupation zone have collected vast quantities of unused ammunition and are handing it over to the Navy for disposal."  
"We naturally choose deep parts of the sea to dump the stuff, and the Skagerrak ideal for the purpose being over 400 fathoms off the Norwegian coast."  
The official said he could not confirm a report that the material included 200,000 tons of gas but he thought it would be "something in that region."—Associated Press.

## Stansgate Still In London

London, June 13.  
The departure of Viscount Stansgate for the resumption of talks in Cairo has been delayed pending further undertakings in London. The Foreign Office disclosed today.  
A spokesman said Lord Stansgate would return to Egypt shortly, but was unable to fix a date. However, it was expected that the envoy would not remain in London longer than absolutely necessary.  
Meanwhile, the spokesman said, Whitehall has been in contact with the British ambassador in Cairo. There was no indication of views which Lord Stansgate might be expected to transmit to the Egyptian government when he returns. He came to London 10 days ago to discuss the British position in regard to Middle-Eastern defense after the withdrawal of troops from Egypt.—Associated Press.

## U.S. Warships In Guernsey

St. Peter's Port, Guernsey, June 13.  
The United States light cruiser Houston, flagship of the 12th Fleet, arrived here today and received a rousing welcome from the islanders who were liberated a year ago from five years of German occupation.  
The Houston will remain until Saturday when the United States destroyers Glencon and Cons are due here from Plymouth. The small French cruiser Delage is scheduled to arrive here tomorrow.  
The entertainment programme for the Houston's officers and crew includes a concert and dance tonight at the Candie Gardens, where the cruiser's band will play tomorrow, a drive around the island on Friday, visits to farms and German fortifications and possibly a baseball game between a local team and the Houston's crew.—Reuters.

## VETERAN NEWSMAN DEAD

Dunedin, June 13.  
The death of Sir James Hutchison, doyen of New Zealand editors and a journalist for 61 years, was announced here today. He was 70.  
Sir James was editor of the "Otago Daily News" from 1901 until his retirement last March. He joined the paper in 1899 after four years on the "Dunedin Evening Herald." He was New Zealand's delegate to the Imperial Press conferences in 1920 in Canada and in London in 1930.—Reuters.

## B.O.A.C. SHORT

Accra, Gold Coast, June 13.  
The British Overseas Airways Corporation today informed the Gold Coast Government that shortage of meteorological staff would force them to suspend their trunk services from Lagos to Britain and from Cairo to Lagos. The Government is making "strong representations" to procure the personnel necessary to resume the service.—Reuters.

The meeting was to have been addressed by Guglielmo Giannini, leader of the "Small Man's" Party, which polled about five per cent. in the general elections. There were a number of arrests and several were injured. Disorders were still going on this evening.  
Several hundred Monarchists flying large Monarchist flags were later packed around the pyramid in the centre of Piazza del Popolo. They were hemmed in by a number of small tanks. Other troops massed in the central portion of the vast square.  
Free fights were going on all around the outer square where shufflers were up and cafes barred. Rival groups have been throwing stones and beating each other with clubs.

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After drawing their sabers and charging, the mounted police cleared the centre of the Piazza. Immediately afterwards a police flying squad in jeeps supported by armoured cars circled round the obelisk, dispersing the agitators from the square.  
There was a strongly anti-Allied sentiment among the Monarchist elements who cat-called when Allied personnel passed in cars, exception being made for General Anders of the Polish Army in Italy. Allied military police were on the alert.

Meanwhile all eyes tonight were upon the Liberal Minister of Public Works, Leone Cattani, who is fiercely anti-Communist and who had become the spokesman inside the government of those who deny that the Supreme Court announcement had settled the constitutional issue. But he has been repudiated by some other Liberal ministers.

The Left-Wing Parties are pressing the Prime Minister, Alcide de Gasperi, to make a formal announcement that he is the head-of-state and their evening papers urged tonight that Umberto should be outlawed if he continued to claim sovereignty after such an announcement.

## Sharp Setback

There appears to be a sharp setback between Dr. Luficero, Minister of the Royal Household, Umberto's civil representative, and some military advisers, sympathising with the militant Monarchists, who want Umberto to stay till the last moment.  
The Prime Minister, Alcide de Gasperi, today received Signor Massimo Piloti, Attorney-General of the Supreme Court, which announced on Monday the result of the monarchy referendum.  
Earlier today, Giuseppe Romita, Minister of the Interior, saw Vittorio Emmanuel Orlando, 86-year-old former premier, who represented Italy at the peace talks after the 1914-1918 war.  
Ivano Bonomi, former Italian premier, who knows King Umberto intimately, said tonight: "In my judgment the differences are in course of being narrowed down."  
Holding the Amunziata Order, Bonomi is officially the "King's cousin" and has the right to advise him. Bonomi had a long consultation with Alcide de Gasperi, the Prime Minister, today.

## Umberto's Views

Bonomi said tonight that he was optimistic about the situation and believed that in a few days all would be calm.  
The King, he said, was perfectly prepared to leave Italy but did not consider the Republican majority had yet been officially ascertained.  
The Government was not out to quarrel with him on this account but was still awaiting a watertight undertaking that the King would leave when the Supreme Court had given definite judgment.  
Executives of all Italian Government parties held separate meetings today after de Gasperi had received a reply from Umberto to the Cabinet's statement on the need for de Gasperi to assume the leadership of the state without delay.  
Torn between rival groups of advisers, Umberto, whose sovereignty was rejected by a national referendum, gave his views on the situation.

## Morally Tired

It is not certain yet whether the Government can reach an agreement upon this response and a Cabinet meeting was called tonight.  
Those who have seen him lately described Umberto as "morally tired."  
According to a statement issued by the Italian Ministry of the Interior, five civilians were killed, and 50 wounded during incidents in Naples.  
Ten Security police were wounded, some gravely, the statement added.—Reuters.

## Queen Lizzy Returns To Civvy Street

Glasgow, June 13.  
The liner "Queen Elizabeth," painted in her peace-time colours, will leave the Clyde early on Saturday, and is expected at Southampton on Sunday.  
When she sails again from Southampton, it will be on her maiden voyage as the world's largest and fastest luxury liner. She will be given all the ceremony of a maiden voyage.  
The grey ship that carried hundreds of thousands of troops during the war will be a memory. She will go into the dry dock and hundreds of men will be working inside the ship, putting in fittings, carpets and furniture.  
Late September has been suggested as the date for the first trip. For some time she is likely to sail alone as a first-class passenger liner in the Atlantic.—Reuters.

## R.A.O.C. PRIVATE SENTENCED

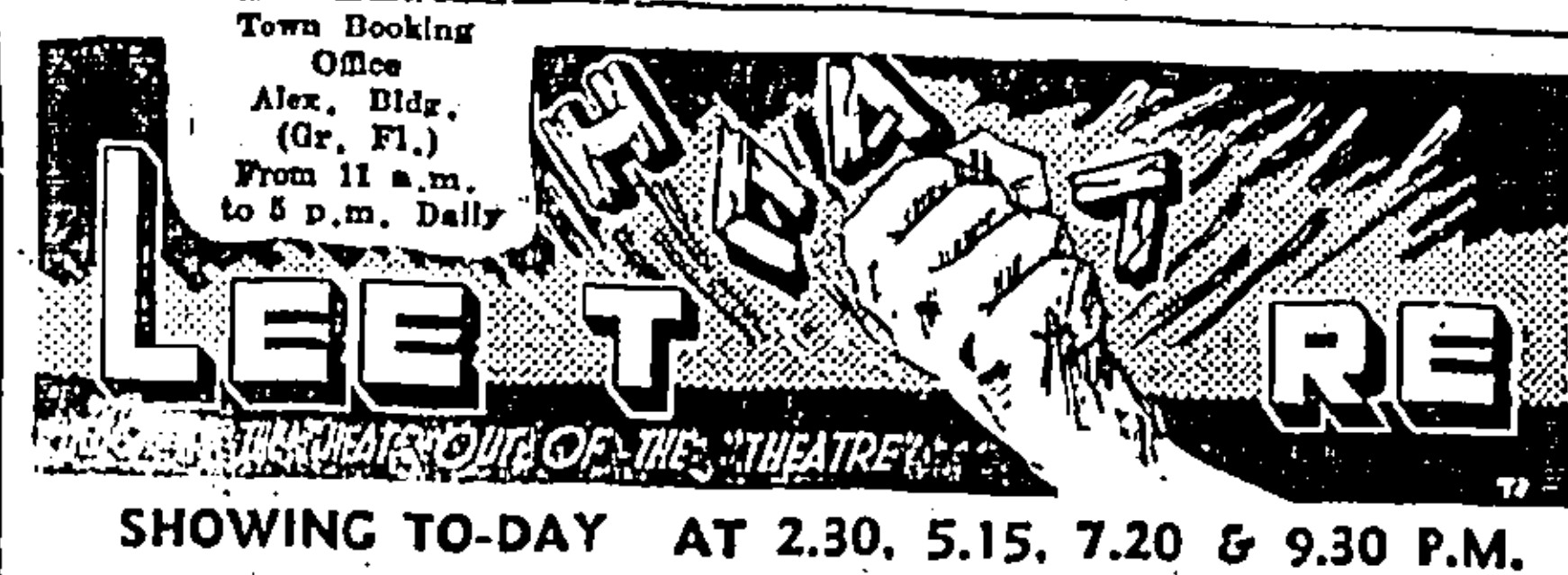
London, June 13.  
Sentence of 35 days' detention on Private I. Garman of No. 1 Company, Royal Army Ordnance Corps, for the theft of six pairs of shoes from the Olympic clothing depot was promulgated today.  
Garman was originally accused on seven charges—three of conspiring with three other privates to steal shoes and four alleging that he stole altogether nine pairs of shoes—at the Chelsea District Court Martial last month. He was found not guilty on six of the charges.—Reuters.

Batavia, June 12.  
The first finished products to be exported from Java since the war, a shipment of office furniture, left here recently for Malacca in Malaya.—Associated Press.

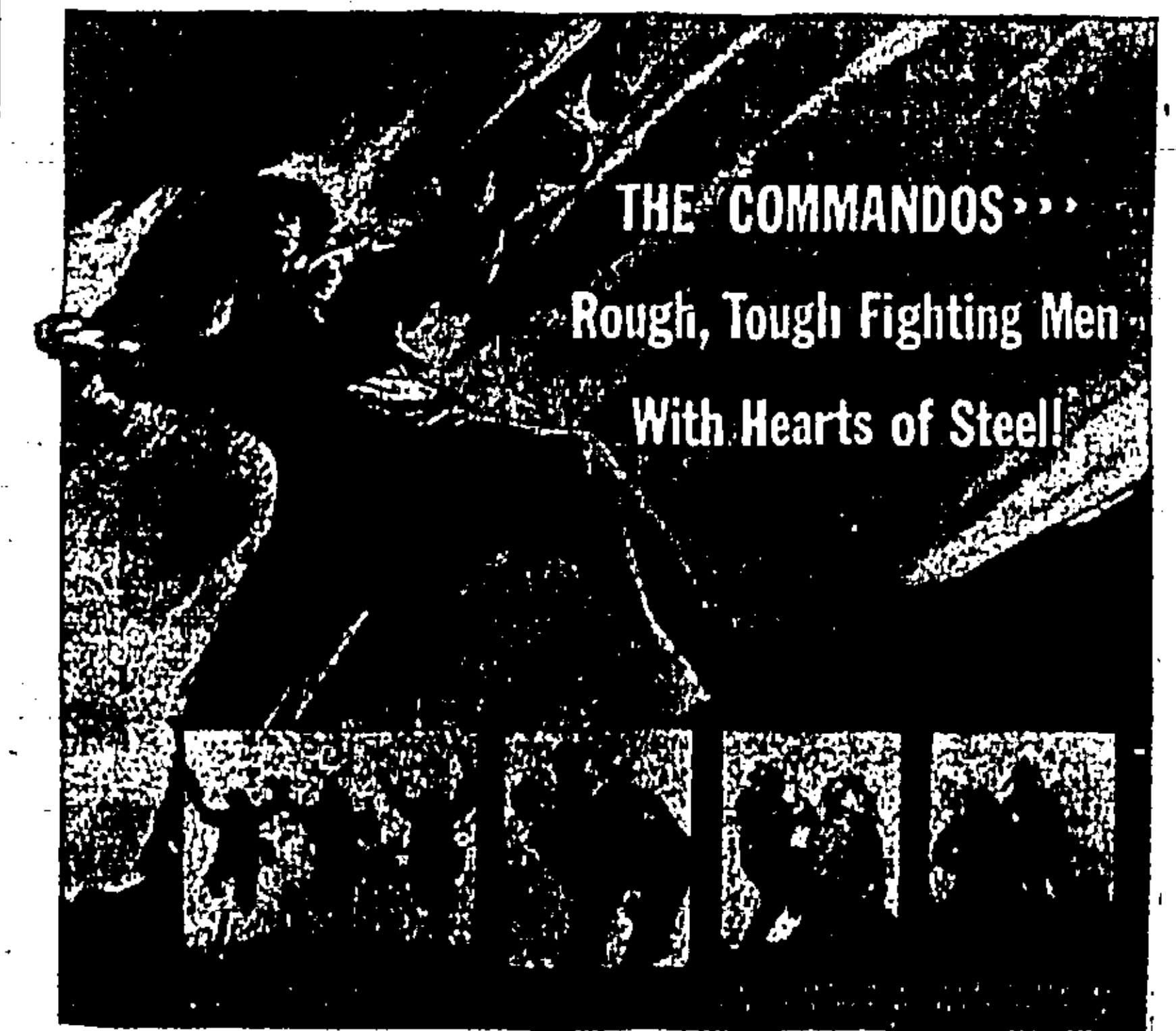
## Iron Curtain A Myth?

Washington, June 13.  
Hungary's Prime Minister Ferenc Nagy today scoffed at Mr. Winston Churchill's declaration that a Russian "iron curtain" hides Hungary from the western world.  
"If there were an iron curtain around my country do you think I would be sitting in this room talking to you now?" he asked in an interview at Blair House where he and three other Hungarian cabinet ministers are staying as guests of the United States government.  
He laughingly added, "Most of my time in Budapest is spent in giving interviews to British and American journalists—behind this so-called iron curtain."  
Mr. Nagy defended his country's five-year treaty of economic collaboration with Russia, which provides for joint Soviet-Hungarian development of key basic industries.  
He said, "for many months after the liberation no country offered any sort of economic co-operation but Soviet Russia. A country as badly collapsed as mine was glad to get into economic contact with any country."—Associated Press.

Oxford, June 12.  
Mr. L. B. Pearson, Canadian Ambassador to the United States, has been elected an Honorary Fellow of St. John's College, Oxford University.—Reuters.



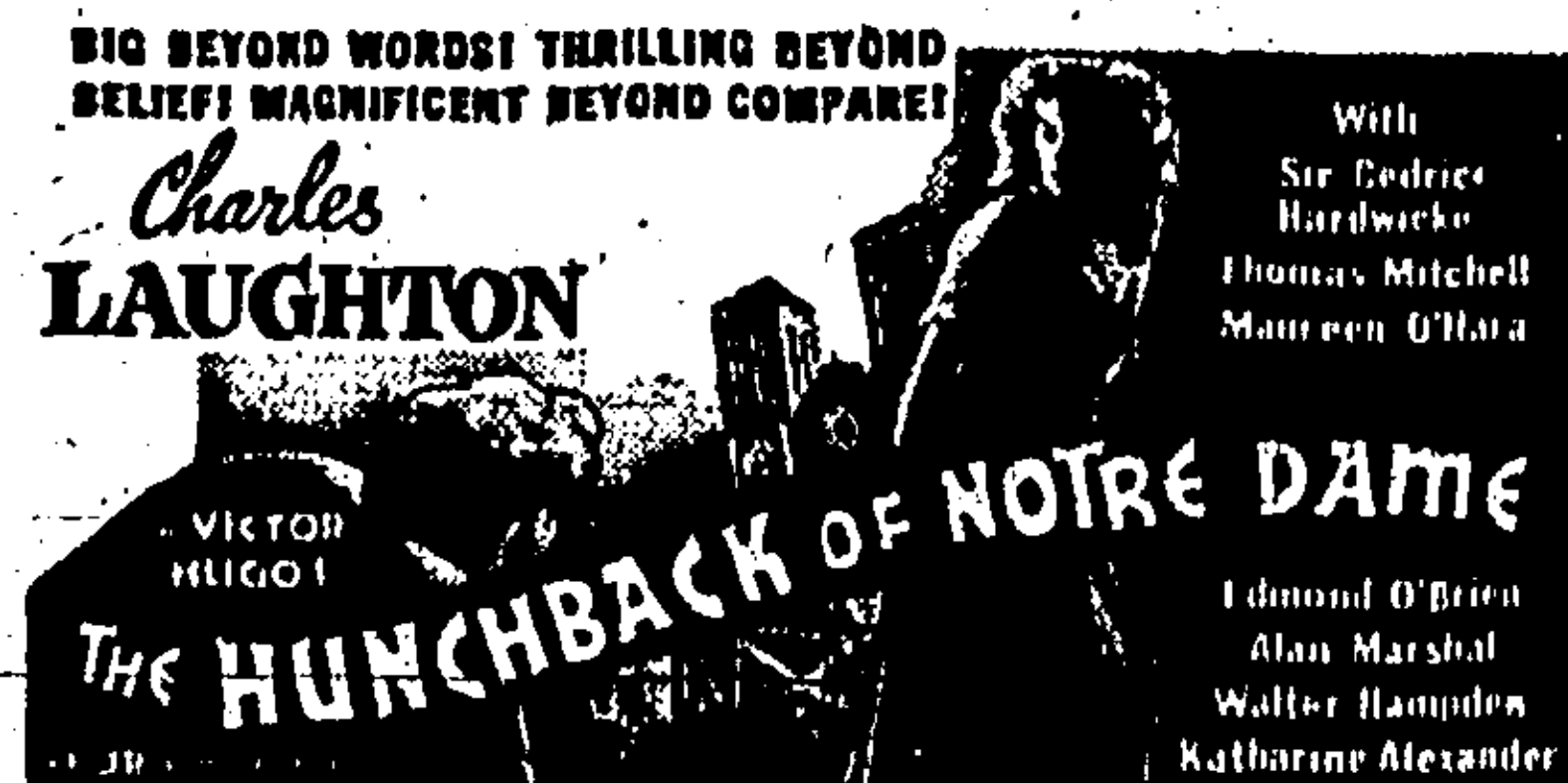
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PAUL MUNI  
AN ANNA LEE LILIAN CLISH SIR GEDRIC HARDWICKE ROBERT COOTE  
DIRECTED BY JOHN HUGHES A LESTER COWAN PRODUCTION A COLUMBIA PICTURE

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SEF—Half Man, Half Monster! Half Beast, Half Poet! The jest of Paris, he dared to dream of a young girl's love! TREMENDOUS!!!



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garments in chic boleros, negligees,  
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"Finest" carved pre-war-made tank-  
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Mode Elite, 22, Queen's Road C.  
"Fixed" prices "No" delusion.

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CANTONESE AND MANDARIN  
lessons given in group or private-  
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NOTICE TO  
CONSIGNEESS/S "BENVORLICH"  
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Consignees are hereby notified  
that their cargo will be dis-  
charged into the Hong Kong &  
Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co.,  
Ltd., where it will lie at Con-  
signees' risk and subject to  
terms and conditions of storage  
at Kowloon Godown. All cargo  
will be ready for delivery from  
Godown on and after 10 June,  
1946.

Optional cargo will not be  
landed here, unless notice has  
been given prior to steamer's  
arrival but carried on from port  
to port to the final port of call  
to which the option extends.

All broken, chafed and dam-  
aged packages must be left in  
the Godowns for examination  
by the Consignees and the  
Company's Surveyors, Messrs.  
Carmichael & Clark at 10 A.M.  
14th June, 1946.

To comply with the General  
Bonded Warehouse Regulations,  
Consignees must have a Re-  
venue Officer in attendance  
when damaged dutiable goods  
are examined.

No claims will be admitted  
after the goods have left the  
steamer's Godowns, and all  
goods remaining undelivered  
after the 15th June, 1946, will  
be subject to rent.

All claims with complete ac-  
counts against the steamer must  
be presented to the undersigned  
on or before 20th June, 1946 or  
they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be  
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Agents: Ben Line Steamers Ltd.  
Hong Kong, June 9, 1946.

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Swiss francs or eventually in U.S.A. dollars. Persons  
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| "BENVORLICH" | loading | Kowloon Wharf |
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## FREIGHT ONLY.

## VESSELS DUE

|           |                          |
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| "BENLEDI" | arriving about 10th July |
|-----------|--------------------------|

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"Prian" sails for Sydney on or about 24th June  
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"Yunnan" from Australia 21st June.

For particulars apply to:-

## BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE, Agents

Tel. 80331/5

Smuggling Rife  
On Border

Canton, June 13.  
There have been very few applications for foreign  
exchange since such facility was declared  
available from June 1, according to banking  
circles.

One banker said today that the general slack trade  
condition is the cause, while the application  
involves a complicated process in accordance  
with requirements as announced by the Minis-  
try of Finance.

"Most foreign goods are  
smuggled here," he added. "As  
a result, there has been very  
little legitimate foreign trade."

The Associated Press learned  
today that the Kowloon Customs  
has drawn the attention of the  
military authorities here of  
smuggling by men in uniform  
along the Canton-Kowloon Rail-  
way. In some cases jeeps are  
used, and the runners are all  
armed and defy the inspection  
of the customs preventive ser-  
vice.

The same sources said that  
sometimes the goods reached  
Canton by the railroad and were  
unloaded near military es-  
tablishments at Sha Ho on the  
north-eastern suburbs of Can-  
ton. It is possible that the  
armed smugglers may be dis-  
guised as military personnel.

## Export Trade

There is some export trade  
here, although all the goods are  
consigned in the first place to  
Hong Kong. The Customs re-  
quire that all payment in for-  
eign exchange must be conver-  
ted into Chinese currency before  
the sellers receive the money.  
The nine appointed banks will  
keep the foreign exchange and  
hand over to the consignees  
Chinese dollars.

China is the only country in  
the world that controls foreign  
exchange in this manner, ac-  
cording to a banking official.  
Associated Press.

N.Y. STOCK  
MARKET

New York, June 12.

The N.Y. stock market closed  
irregularly higher today.

Airline, steel, railroad and some  
automobile issues attracted buy-  
ers and gained fractions to above  
a dollar a share, although trading  
was generally light.

Dow Jones Averages \$78.17.  
Adams Express 22 1/2, Anaconda  
Copper 48, Aviation Corporation  
10, Baldwin 33 1/2, Bethlehem Steel  
10 1/2, Boeing 28 1/2, Borden Co.  
64, Canadian Pacific 20 1/2, J.I.  
Case 54 1/2, Colgate 60 1/2, Commer-  
cial Solvents 28 1/2, Corn Products  
65, Dupont 22 1/2, Eastman Kodak  
25 1/2, Electric Light & Power  
28 1/2, General Electric 48 1/2, Gen-  
eral Motors 71 1/2, Goodrich 73 1/2,  
Goodyear 66 1/2, Homestake Mining  
48 1/2, International Harvester  
104 1/2, International Paper 40 1/2,  
International Tel. & Tel. 25, Johns  
Manville 15 1/2, Montgomery Ward  
97, Pan American Airways 19 1/2,  
Pennsylvania R.R. 42 1/2, Radio  
Corporation 15 1/2, Real Silk 27,  
Republic Steel 37 1/2, Reynolds To-  
bacco 46 1/2, Schenley 59 1/2, Socony  
Vacuum 17 1/2, Southern Pacific  
63, Standard Brands 45 1/2, Stand-  
ard Oil of Calif. 55 1/2, Standard  
Oil of New Jersey 70 1/2, Stude-  
baker 36 1/2, Union Bag 30, Union  
Carbide 115 1/2, U.S. Steel 90 1/2,  
Westinghouse 34 1/2, Youngstown  
Sheet & Tube 80.—Associated  
Press.

## N.Y. EXCHANGES

New York, June 12.  
Foreign Exchange Market:—  
T.T. Montreal 0.90-1.10, London  
4.03 1/2, Paris 84 1/2, Buenos Aires  
(free market) 24.68, Rio de  
Janeiro 5.25, Mexico 20.63, Am-  
sterdam (florin) 37.80, Brussels  
2.29, Batavia (guilder) 37.90,  
Singapore 42.50, Bombay 30.35,  
Hong Kong 25.00.—Associated  
Press.

## U.S. COTTON

New York, June 12.  
Cotton Futures:—July 29.05,  
October 29.28, December 29.42.  
New Orleans Cotton Futures:—  
July 29.00, October 29.26, Decem-  
ber 29.41/44, March 29.48/54.—  
Associated Press.

## U.S. GRAINS

Chicago, June 12.  
In the Chicago Board of Trade  
all grain prices remained un-  
changed at closing prices, with the  
exception of August oats which  
closed at \$0.85 1/2 per bushel.—As-  
sociated Press.

## GLENFINLAS

Damaged cargo ex the above  
vessel will be surveyed at Holt's  
Wharf, Kowloon, on 14th June  
between the hours of 10 a.m.  
and 12 noon and consignees are  
hereby requested to have their  
representatives present at the  
time specified.

## BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE,

Agents.

Hong Kong, 13th June, 1946.

## BRIDGE NOTES

Extra tricks are not to be  
sneezed at, but it's very unwise  
to jeopardise a game contract just  
for the chance to make an extra  
trick—especially when the risk is  
quite real and not just a mere  
possibility. Today's hand is a  
case in point:

South Dealer

North-South vulnerable

B. 10 9 6 2

H. K 6 2

D. A K 6

C. K 7 3

B. K 5

D. Q J 10

C. 9 8 7

B. 8 4

D. 9 8 5 4

C. Q J 10

B. A Q J 7 3

H. A 7 3

D. 8 5 4

C. A 4

The bidding:

South West North East

1S 2D 3S Pass

4S Pass Pass Pass

West opened the Queen of dia-

monds, dummy winning with the

King. At this point, the unthink-

ing player would automatically

take the trump finesse—and his

contract would go up in smoke.

For West would win the King of

trumps and return the Jack of

diamonds, allowing East to ruff

the Ace of diamonds. Later on,

West would get the lead with a

heart to cash a diamond trick.

But South was not an unthink-

ing player. He realised that

West might well have the King of

trumps and a six-card diamond

suit for his bid, and the danger

was quite apparent. He there-

fore led a trump from the

dummy, at the second trick, and

west right up with the trump

Ace. Then another trump lead

lost to West's King; but the con-

tract was safe, for East could not

get a diamond ruff.

Note that refusing the finesse

assured South that he would

make his contract. If the trumps

were split 3-1, either the trump

King would fall on the first

round or the second trump trick

would be won by a player whose

partner could not ruff anything

for lack of a trump. And if the

trumps were split 2-2, the second

round of trumps would exhaust

the suit and therefore prevent a

ruff. South could well afford to

lose one trump trick, but had to

prevent the loss of a ruffing trick

as well.

Yesterday you were Howard

Schenken's partner and, with both

sides vulnerable, you held:

S. A K 10 9 7 6

H. A 9 4

D. K 10 4 2

C. —

The bidding:

Jacoby You Major Schenken

1C Dbl. Pass 2H

Pass 2S Pass 3S

Pass (7)

ANSWER: Bid four clubs. If

partner has his strength in the

right spot there will be a good

play for slam. This bid gives you

the best chance to find out what

you want to know, while suggest-

ing to your partner that you are

void of clubs.

Score 100 per cent for four

clubs, 70 per cent for four no-

trump, 60 per cent for five spades,

30 per cent for four spades.

U.S. CAR OUTPUT  
PREDICTION

New York, June 12.  
Executive Vice-President M. E.  
Coyle of the General Motors Cor-  
poration today predicted the auto-  
mobile industry will produce about  
2,000,000 passenger cars this year  
with a considerably better output  
next year. He said, however,  
that 5,000,000 a year was "as high  
as we will attain under the best  
circumstances and in truck pro-  
duction the best we can do is be-  
tween 1,250,000 to 1,500,000 a  
year."

Coyle said "the backlog demand  
for cars in my opinion is not as  
high as 10,000,000 units as many  
say and we will catch up with the  
demand more quickly than many  
think." He said the management  
was ready to go ahead with all-  
out production.—Associated Press.

New York, June 12.

The Firestone Tire Co. today  
declared a 75 cent dividend pay-  
able July 20 to holders on record  
on July 5. Previously a 50-cent  
quarterly dividend had been paid.  
—Associated Press.

Washington, June 12.

Stabilization Director Chester  
Bowles ordered the copper and  
lead subsidies to be cut to off-set  
the recent price increases. He also  
ordered the return of subsidies by  
mines receiving any "windfall pro-  
fits" as a result of the price in-  
crease.—Associated Press.

## JARDINE, MATHESON &amp; CO., LTD.

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General Managers.

## INDO-CHINA S. N. CO., LTD.

## SAILINGS

S.S. MAUSANG ..... to Sandakan 14th June  
S.S. WINGSANG ..... to Shanghai 20th June

## ARRIVALS

S.S. ESANG ..... From Shanghai 14th June  
S.S. WINGSANG ..... From Shanghai 15th June

## IN PORT

S.S. LOKSANG ..... Yaunanti  
S.S. MAUSANG ..... Mackie's Wharf  
S.S. SAMDART ..... Buoy A-13  
S.S. KWAI SANG ..... Kowloon Dock  
S.S. EMPIRE PERLIS ..... Kowloon Dock

All the above subject to alteration without notice.

All intending Passengers are requested to register their names as  
far as possible in advance of the time at which they wish to leave.

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## THE GLEN LINE LTD.

M.V. GLENOGLE—SAILING FOR UNITED KINGDOM, ANT-  
WERP, AMSTERDAM, and ROTTERDAM About 22nd June

Managing Agents

## AUSTRALIA CHINA LINE

M.V. KAFIRISTAN From Melbourne, Sydney, Tokina.  
Discharging E4.

Loads for Sydney, Melbourne About 13th June  
also Brisbane if sufficient inducement.

## Also Agents for PRINCE LINE LTD.

S.S. GARDEN PARK Due from VAUCOUVER about 16th June  
S.S. KITSILANO PARK Arrived at Buoy A10

## BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE

AGENTS:

## CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILING FOR SHANGHAI, TSINGTAO & TIENTSIN  
S.S. "HANYANG" 4 p.m. 14th June

## SAILING TO SHANGHAI

S.S. "SHANTUNG" (No passengers) 4 p.m. 21st June  
S.S. "TSINAN" 4 p.m. 26th June

## SAILING FOR AMOY &amp; SWATOW

S.S. "ANHUT" (No cargo) 10 a.m. 16th June

## SAILING TO SAIGON

S.S. "PAKHOT" (No passengers) Noon 15th June

## SAILING TO SINGAPORE

S.S. "FUKIEN" (No passengers) 2 p.m. 14th June

## SAILING FOR BANGKOK VIA SWATOW

S.S. "KWEIFANG" 4 p.m. 21st June

## SAILING TO CANTON

S.S. "FATSHAN" 9 a.m. 16th June

Subject to alteration without notice.

For Freight and Saloon Passages all lines, please apply to

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# CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 1946.

THE PLACE TO EAT  
IS

*Jimmy's Kitchen*

## British Troops Fight A Regular Battle

Jerusalem, June 13.  
British regulars fought a "regular battle" with Jewish terrorists inside Sarafand camp, the biggest garrison in Palestine, the prosecutor told a Military Court here today when two Jewish youths were charged with seven offences, including the discharge of firearms at members of the British forces.

## "EUROPA" UNDER FRENCH FLAG

London, June 13.  
The 49,746-ton ex-German liner "Europa," former pride of the Norddeutscher-Lloyd fleet and one-time holder of the Atlantic blue ribbon, has been ceded to France by the inter-Allied Reparations Agency in Brussels. She will be taken to Cherbourg to undergo certain adjustments, particularly to her electric wiring. The liner may be ready to re-open France's North Atlantic passenger service in the early autumn.

The acquisition of the liner will recompense France to some extent for the loss of the "Normandie." Although the "Europa" is a comparatively old ship, she will fill a gap until the "de France" and "Pasteur" are released from troop duty.

Built by Blohm & Voess in 1930, the "Europa" held the Blue Riband for Germany until beaten by her sister ship, "Bremen" (in turn beaten by the "Empress of Britain"). Of driven by 12 steam turbines 55,500 tons displacement, she is geared to quadruple screws, giving her a speed of between 26 and 28 knots.

Like the "Bremen," she at one time carried an aeroplane on a catapult between her funnels, which are not as streamlined as those on the "Bremen" and were lengthened when the aircraft was removed.

A vessel of 937 feet overall (as compared with the "Queen Mary's" 1,020 feet) she had accommodation for 22,160 passengers and a crew of 960 officers and men.

## Wot! No Shipping?

In view of the repeated Government assurances to the effect that there is ample shipping space to carry our exports, "Mr. Chad" might well be provoked into making his favourite exclamation if he had had the experience of some of our manufacturers.

It may be true theoretically that there is no lack of shipping space—but the fact remains that it often does not seem to be available. The fault seems to lie in inefficient allocation of space. There are many reports of vessels carrying little or no cargo, when they could be taking the shipments which British manufacturers are desperately anxious to deliver—and overseas importers are just as desperately anxious to receive.

A recent letter in the "Manchester Guardian" from a second officer on a motor-ship provided a typical instance. His ship sailed from Liverpool to New York with no cargo—for some reason unknown—and there loaded a lumber cargo for Australia. It was then chartered by the Admiralty to act as a victualling store ship—a function which it has been performing for the last three months.

Pointing out that this fast motor ship has a cargo capacity of almost 8,000 tons, the writer adds: "My brother officer in the Merchant Service, as well as myself, can quote other instances of mis-use of ships carrying apparently by carelessness or ignorance. Provided proper use is made of it, we have ample shipping space for our requirements. Let those who have cargoes to export take note, and let those who are in a position to do so approach the Government with a view to an inquiry and a drastic overhaul of our present shipping methods of sending ships where they are not needed."

The best use is not being made, judging by reports of the cargo space available on troop-carrying vessels. A criticism made by manufacturers is that, even when shipping accommodation is at last available, they are often given far too short notice. They are sometimes expected to get their goods to a port within 48 hours and, if they fail to do so, they go "back to the end of the queue" for a further wait.

Although the de-regulation of cargo vessels at the beginning of this month marks a welcome step towards normality, exporters know that the shipping situation is still complicated by military and other commitments. But they are apt to lose patience when they are met with blithe official assurances that post-war delays which any exporter, steamship company or shipping agent knows to exist. What Government spokesmen should say is that ample shipping space should be available—and why it is not available should be their immediate concern.—"The British Export Gazette."

A broad-hawker who boarded the ss. "Kwong Sai" yesterday morning was killed when he fell into the hold. He crossed a hatchway and apparently stepped on a loose board and crashed through to the deck below. He died before the ambulance arrived.

Salonica, June 13.  
The British ship Empire Avon today began to unload 8,800 tons of wheat which were diverted to Greece when the ship was on its way to Britain.

## NO ILL WIND

St. John's, Newfoundland, June 13.  
A sudden change in the direction of the wind saved the village of Glovertown from destruction in a forest fire near here last night. Fishing boats had earlier been ordered to go to the village as the only escape as the fire approached was by sea.—Reuter.

## HEADACHES FOR SCOTLAND YARD

London, June 13.  
Homes and business premises are giving Scotland Yard headaches. Jewellery, furs, clothing and carpets worth many thousands of pounds have been stolen.

One of the most characteristic and at the same time the most baffling features has been the complete absence of any signs for forcible entry. It is thought that gangs are using skeleton keys.

So silently do the raiders go about their work that they have entered premises in broad daylight. Servants were at home when they stole jewellery worth £5,000 from the home of Major Alexander in Mayfair. None of the servants heard a sound.

Recent crimes include the theft of £2,600 from a large office to robberies yesterday in which jewellery worth £7,000 was stolen, the theft last Wednesday of cosmetics worth £10,000 from a Surrey factory and the theft on June 6 of property worth £2,500 from the Norwegian Embassy.—Reuter.

## Comb-Out

Scotland Yard's flying squad and hundreds of detectives took part in a big comb-out of London's underworld last night. They were searching for seven men, one of them armed, who used violence during two attempted robberies early yesterday.

Shots were fired when three armed men were cornered by police constables in a North London hotel on Kilburn High road. During a violent struggle, both officers were struck with the butts of revolvers. Later two men were detained.

Six men were concerned in the second attempted robbery at the premises of Finkelstein, Mackie, Todd & Company, Canal Street, Camberwell. They gagged and bound two night watchmen and loaded a van with whisky. One of the men drove the van at the entrance gates. The gates collapsed and the van became jammed in the wreckage. The men escaped.—Reuter.

## "Daily Worker" Sneers At Labour Policy

London, June 13.  
The Communist "Daily Worker" in a front page article today declares that the whole policy of the British Labour Government and its acts in all parts of the world contradict its protestations of love and friendship towards the Soviet Union.

"How can the backing for the anti-Soviet and Fascist resurgents in Bulgaria, Rumania and Poland—countries bordering on the U.S.S.R.—be reconciled as friendship?" it says.

"Why is Sir Alexander Cadogan not instructed to cooperate with Gromyko at the UNO in helping to dispose of Franco instead of joining the United States delegate in obstruction?"

The relations between the Soviet Union and Britain are worse than at any time since Munich, it declares.

"On the eve of the Paris conference, the Labour Foreign Secretary has been charged by the Soviet newspaper 'Pravda' with preparing the way for a definite break with the policy of three power collaboration which brought us victoriously through the war and for the re-orientation of British policy in a direction hostile to the Soviet Union."

"Indeed it is difficult to see how otherwise it is possible to interpret the declarations from both Bevin and Byrnes as well as the press barrage encouraged in both London and Washington, announcing that the conference to be resumed in Paris this weekend is the last chance of cooperation."

"The ultimatum has already gone out that unless the third party to the conversations abandons its standpoint and accepts that of Bevin and Byrnes, this will inevitably be proof of obstruction."—Reuter.

London, June 13.  
Mr. Harry Pollitt, secretary of the British Communist Party, in a statement today declared that the Labour Government's policy was "a deliberate and conscious attempt to bring about a complete re-orientation of British policy in a direction hostile to the Soviet Union."

London, June 13.  
The British Communist Party today declared that the Labour Government's policy was "a deliberate and conscious attempt to bring about a complete re-orientation of British policy in a direction hostile to the Soviet Union."

## SPORTS SECTION

### County Cricket Matches Stopped By Rain

London, June 13.  
Rain interrupted play in county cricket games today. No play was possible for the opening of the England versus The Rest at Lords where the selectors will be watching men to meet India in the first Test Match on June 22.

**Scores:**  
At Lords: England versus The Rest. Rain prevented any play.  
At Oxford: Middlesex 146 for 33 versus Oxford University. Rain stopped play.  
At Chelmsford: Essex versus Glamorgan. No play today. Rain.  
At Birmingham: Yorkshire 135 for one (Gibbs 80 not out) versus Warwickshire. Rain stopped play for the day.  
At Manchester: Sussex 207 (Jack Langridge 83) versus Lancashire. No further play today. Rain.  
At Peterborough: Gloucestershire 105 (Morritt seven for 33) v Northamptonshire 83 (Goddard seven for 38) and 39 (Goddard six for 23, Cook four for 7).  
At Leicester: Surrey 244 (Fishlock 129) v Leicestershire five for two.  
At Stourbridge: Worcestershire 240 (Cooper 80) v Derbyshire 82 (Jackson five for 29, Howarth four for 29) and six for none.  
At Portsmouth: India versus Combined Services. No play today. The Test trial at Lord's is of vital importance to England, who are urgently seeking bowlers like-ly to dismiss the Indians twice in three days of the first Test. E. P. Robinson of Yorkshire, J. W. Martin of Kent and A. V. Bedser of Surrey, newcomers, will be howling for the rest and will be fully tested by a strong England batting side.

The teams are: England: W. R. Hammond (captain), of Gloucestershire, S. O. Griffith (Sussex), L. A. Hutton (Yorkshire), J. Hardstaff (Nottinghamshire), R. Compton (Middlesex), D. V. P. Wright (Kent), C. Washbrook (Lancashire), R. Pollard (Lancashire), W. E. Bowes (Yorkshire), T. F. Snelike (Yorkshire) and J. Ikin (Lancashire).

The Rest: B. H. Valentine (captain, Kent), C. J. Barnett (Gloucestershire), W. J. Edrich (Middlesex), E. Hollis (Warwickshire), H. E. Dollery (Warwickshire), D. Brookes (Northamptonshire), H. Davis (Glamorgan), E. P. Robinson (Yorkshire), J. W. Martin (Kent), A. V. Bedser (Surrey) and F. W. Stocks (Nottinghamshire).

Big Bill Boyes, former England fast bowler, has been invited to play in the England side in place of the original choice, R. Perks, who is unfit.

Members of the Indian cricket team were shown over the British aircraft carrier Indomitable at Portsmouth today when their game with the Combined Services was abandoned for the day owing to rain.

## India's Side

The Royal Navy offered to entertain the tourists to fill in a blank day and the chance to see the carrier, a veteran of the Pacific War, was quickly accepted.

Immediately after play had been called off for the day the sun shone brilliantly over the field but the decision to wait until tomorrow for the start was made largely to safeguard the soft turf for the remaining days.

India's team, writes Learie Constantine, Reuters special correspondent with the Indians, seems to be based in this match on their probable selections for the Test side. They will be watched with special interest against a fairly strong English side taken from the three Services.—Reuter.

## Sunshine!

Portsmouth, June 13.  
The match between the Indian tourists and the Combined Services, which opened yesterday but had to be postponed until today, owing to rain, started this morning in bright sunshine.

J. G. W. Davis, the Combined Services captain, decided to make most of early conditions by chasing to bat, after winning the toss. Davis and Dewes opened for the Services. The scoring was on the slow side, the batsmen taking no chances on a drying wicket.

Davis was the first man out, being bowled by Shinde after making 28 runs. He was replaced by Burton, who with Dewes brought the score to 80 when lunch was taken.—Reuter.

## More Rain!!

London, June 13.  
The Test trial at Lords was again held up by rain this morning after being postponed yesterday. After the captains had inspected the wicket this morning, it was announced that there would be no play before lunch.

The turf was in such a sodden state that the covers over the whole of the pitch could not be removed for fear of tearing the outfield to pieces. Thousands queued outside Lords hoping to see some cricket later. With so much time lost and conditions so bad, the selectors are unlikely to gain much if any information from the trial.—Reuter.

## U.S. Baseball

New York, June 12.  
In the National League, New York lost to Cincinnati 3 to 2, and the Brooklyn Dodgers clawed back with a four run ninth inning rally to take a 10 to 7 victory from the second place St. Louis Cardinals.

In the American League, Frank Crossett's wild throw for an attempted double play allowed Eddie Lake to score from third in the eighth inning with the run that gave the Detroit Tigers a 6 to 5 victory over the New York Yankees. Joe Grace's triple broke up one of the season's tightest pitching duels as St. Louis nosed out the Washington Senators 1 to 0 in 10 innings and swept a three game series with the Browns.

**National League**

|            |    |    |   |
|------------|----|----|---|
| New York   | 2  | 5  | 4 |
| Cincinnati | 3  | 4  | 0 |
| Brooklyn   | 10 | 15 | 1 |
| St. Louis  | 7  | 6  | 2 |

**American League**

|            |   |    |   |
|------------|---|----|---|
| Cleveland  | 7 | 12 | 1 |
| Boston     | 2 | 0  | 1 |
| Detroit    | 6 | 11 | 8 |
| New York   | 5 | 9  | 1 |
| St. Louis  | 1 | 9  | 1 |
| Washington | 0 | 7  | 0 |

—Associated Press.

## DAVIS CUP

Stockholm, June 12.  
Sweden and Belgium finished even on the first day's play in the Davis Cup European semi-final round here today.

Phillip Washer of Belgium won the first singles when beating the Swedish champion Torsten Johansson 6-3, 6-1 and 6-4 and Sweden levelled the scores when Lennart Bergelin beat Jack Peter of Belgium 6-3, 6-3, 8-1 and 6-3.

## Louis Has High Blood Pressure

New York, June 13.  
A State Athletic Commission physician examined World Heavy-Weight Champion Joe Louis yesterday and at first said he was in excellent condition. But after watching him go through his worst workout to date, he changed his mind.

He said after the second examination (made after Louis' workout) "his blood pressure went up too high," indicating that he might become tired before the end of the scheduled 15-round bout.

Dr. Vincent Nardiello added that "this could be overcome with a few more days of training and he has until next Wednesday" to prepare himself for the fight.

Louis meets Billy Conn of Pittsburgh on June 19 in defence of his Heavyweight Crown.—Associated Press.

## Robins Is To Retire

London, June 13.  
The dashing Middlesex and England cricketer, R.W.V. Robins, intends to retire from the game at the end of the season—if he can find someone to take his place as captain of the county side.

"My worry is to find an amateur to take over the job of skipper," he said. "I shall be 40 in June, and I think I am too old for this faster-type cricket."

If he does retire, he will be sadly missed. Robins has always been one of the outstanding exponents of brighter cricket, for which the M.C.C. has repeatedly called.

In an effort to force a win, even at the risk of a loss, he declared in each of the first three games that Middlesex played this season.

Against Somersetshire he declared the first innings closed when 104 runs behind and then forced a win.

Under his inspiring leadership Middlesex, who were runners-up to Yorkshire in 1939, are at present among the leaders in the championship.

A hitter by nature, Robins is one of the select band who had made 1,000 runs and taken 100 wickets in one season. He is one of England's best all-rounders.

He made his debut in county cricket in 1925 and played for England four years later. Robins is at present a member of the England Test team selection committee.—Reuter.

Marseilles, June 12.  
Alex Jany of Toulouse broke the European 100-metre free style swimming record here this afternoon when covering the distance in 56 and 7/10 seconds. The previous record of 56 and 8/10 seconds was established by Helmut Fischer of Germany in April, 1936.—Reuter.

## RADIO

FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 1946.  
"FORCES REQUEST HOUR"

ZHW Hong Kong broadcasting on a frequency of 845 Kilocycles and from 12.30 to 1.30 p.m., 6.30 to 7.30 p.m., 8.00 to 8.15 p.m., and 9.15 to 11.00 p.m., also on 9.52 Macacyles.

H.K.T.  
12.30 p.m.—Daily Programme Summary.  
12.32 p.m.—"Louders & Funnell"—Variety.  
1.00 p.m.—News, Weather Forecast & Announcements.  
1.10 p.m.—Film Memories.  
1.30 p.m.—Vladimir Horowitz at the Piano.  
1.45 p.m.—Organ—"Peer Gynt Suite No. 2."  
2.00 p.m.—Close Down.  
6.30 p.m.—"Light & Shade"—Variety.  
7.00 p.m.—Joe Loss & His Orchestra & DICK TODD (Harpist).  
7.30 p.m.—The Bill Dillies & Tarrant Bailey (Dance).  
7.45 p.m.—Jennars at Her Piano.  
8.00 p.m.—London Relay—News.  
8.15 p.m.—"Serenade to the Stars"—ENSA.  
8.30 p.m.—"Forces Request Hour."  
8.50 p.m.—Alfredo Campbell & His Orchestra and Violin.  
10.00 p.m.—London Relay—News.  
10.05 p.m.—The Blue Hungarian Band.  
10.30 p.m.—"The Goodies"—An abbreviated version of Gilbert & Sullivan's Light Opera.  
11.00 p.m.—Close Down.

Programmes marked ENSA are specially recorded for Services Entertainment by the Department of National Service Entertainment.

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